Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XXII.—NO. 6484 PORTLAND, OREGON TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1882 PRICE—TEN CENTS

GENERAL NEWS.

Launch and Description of the Queen of the Pacific.

SERIOUS ILLNESS OF JOHN McDONOUGH. THE ACTOR.

The Attempt to Secure Admission of New Mexico Exposed—Land Grant Notes.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—The *Tribune* has the following: Cramp & Sons launched at their ship building yard in Philadelphia recently the steamship Queen of the Pacific, for the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company. She was christened as she touched the water by Miss Cole, of Staten Island. She is built of iron, and when she reaches Portland will be the strongest and finest specimen of marine architecture in the Pacific trade. She is built of iron, is 340 feet in length, 36½ feet beam, 22 feet depth of hold, and has capacity for 3500 tons of cargo. Her accommodations for cabin passengers are different from those usually provided upon sea going vessels, there being 49 staterooms on the upper deck and 19 on the main deck, fitted up tastefully and even elegantly. These staterooms are 10 feet long and 7 feet wide, thus being more spacious than usual. In addition there are four bridal rooms on the upper deck, which are to be furnished in the best manner. The dining saloon is 86 feet long and 30 feet wide, the latter work arrived being like that of the City of Puebla, acknowledged during the day it was reported the governor would to be superior to anything ever seen on steamships. The social hall is a spacious apartment, which will also would be beyond the state line. A point on be furnished with a fine library and piano. All of the New Orleans & Mobile railroad within the the latest improvements have been applied to com- limits of Louisiana had been selected, but the pound engines and boilers to make them serviceable, tion of the governor made necessary a change. It durable and economical. The promenade deck ex- lobes at one time as if the mill would be post- tends from the pilot house to the stern. The ship poned, but late in the evening Sullivan agreed to is brigantine rigged, with two iron masts. She will a choice of a place beyond Louisiana. He would be supplied with steam power for handling cargo however, sign new articles. A very large and steering the vessel, and with electric lights. crowd assembled at the Mobile depot in the afternoon to witness the departure of the pugilists.

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There was considerable excitement among firms doing business to-day on account of the non-appearance of Henry J. Jagger, who is alleged to be a defaulter in the sum of $7000. Jagger has been for several years doing a commission business with his brother Philip. The firm had good credit until Philip withdrew, when Henry had a hard time, establishing his credit eventually however. He secured considerable advances and had bought last week a number of cattle on time. This morning he failed to appear at the yards or at his office. Losses range from $200 to $1800 and are distributed among a large number of firms. Jagger was a young man of good habits and has a wife and two children, who believe he is still in the city.

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Serious Illness of John McDonough.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5.—John E. McDonough, the actor, is very low. He had a bad day, and it is thought he will die of exhaustion rather than from the cancer in his throat, which does not appear to have made any further inroads. He has taken little nourishment for several days, and has subsisted on champagne and liquors entirely. Most of to-day he was out of his mind, and declaimed from his plays almost constantly.

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CATLETTSBURG, Ky., Feb. 6.—Wm. Neal was sentenced to be hanged Feb. 14, for the murder of Fannie Gibbons at Ashland. In a speech he protested his innocence. Ellis Craft will probably be sentenced to-morrow for the same date.

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RACINE, Wis., Feb. 6.—The First Methodist church burned yesterday. The church cost $18,000 and the organ $3000, and the destruction of both is complete. Insurance $15,000.

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LYNCHBURG, Feb. 6.—A crowd at Scoansore were threatening to lynch Yeates the Pittsthorn murderer but the authorities railroaded him to the county jail on a fast mail train.

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ST. JOHNS, Feb. 5.—The heaviest snow storm in four or five years began early this morning and continued with great violence accompanied by severe cold. A number of people have been frost bitten.

"I was confined to my bed for four months," says Mr. Charles Lowe, 608 East Eighteenth street, New York, "with the rheumatism, and can say that the use of three bottles of St. Jacobs Oil made me a sound man. It is regarded here as the greatest remedy of the age."

A PROSPECTIVE MILL.

Ryan and Sullivan Meet on the New Orleans and Mobile Railroad To-day for a Prize Fight.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 5.—Dr Austin, a noted physician, has professionally examined Ryan and Sullivan, and he says if Ryan does not win he can satisfactorily prove that he did not throw the fight for more money than he could gain by whipping Sullivan. Sullivan said he, is powerfully built in arms and shoulders, but woefully deficient in loins and legs, where one looks for endurance. Ryan is a study. He is built from his heels up. His legs and loins are grand, and the muscles of his back and shoulders though small are powerful. He is able to stand punishment all day." It is rumored on the streets that several cart loads of roughs are on their way here for the purpose of raising a disturbance if they can once get a win. The police commissioners have ordered 100 men to the grounds to preserve order. Ryan and Sullivan left this evening for the grounds, which are about two hours' ride from the city.

Notes from the Great Prize Fight.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 6.—Everything is in readiness for the Ryan-Sullivan excursion to-morrow. The B-tteen train, embracing 32 passenger coaches, will leave at 8 A. M. It is understood the battle will be between Rigolett and Pass Christian. The Chicago, Cincinnati and Memphis contingents are expected in the best manner. The dining saloon is 86 feet long and 30 feet wide, the latter being more spacious than usual. In addition there are four bridal rooms on the upper deck, which are to be furnished in the best manner. The dining saloon is 86 feet long and 30 feet wide, the latter being like that of the City of Puebla, acknowledged to be superior to anything ever seen on steamships. The social hall is a spacious apartment, which will also be furnished with a fine library and piano. All of the latest improvements have been applied to compound engines and boilers to make them serviceable, durable and economical. The promenade deck extends from the pilot house to the stern. The ship is brigantine rigged, with two iron masts. She will be supplied with steam power for handling cargo and steering the vessel, and with electric lights.

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FOREIGN NEWS.

The Parnellites Preparing for Active Work in Parliament.

IGNATIEFF SAYS SOME PLEASANT THINGS TO THE JEWS.

The Sultan of Turkey making Inquiries into American Industrial Improvements with a View to their Introduction.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

LONDON, Feb. 6.—The Irish parliamentary party re-elected Parnell chairman and resolved to raise the entire question of administration in Ireland. Justin McCarthy the suppression of the tenants' organization in an address in reply to a speech from the throne.

Just too Late.

DUBLIN, Feb. 6.—A letter addressed to Forster, containing a damp substance, evidently explosive when dry, received Dublin Castle a few days after Forster left for London. The police are inquiring into the circumstances.

Financial Situation in Paris.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—The bourse at opening was depressed by forced sales, but was better at closing. Many clients leave not settled with the brokers, who are obliged to make large sacrifices. Purchases for investment continue and the public are now applying to agents to transact business which hitherto was done through outside brokers. The official liquidator intends making call on shareholders of the Union Generale for 375 francs not paid up on old shares and will deliver new bonds to subscribers.

French Legislation.

PARIS, Feb. 6.—In the chamber of deputies to-day, Gravest, republican, interpellated the government in regard to revision of the constitution. Defreycinet, president of council, replied that revision of the bill was the work of the houses and not for the government. At present inseparable obstacles stand in the way of immediate revision by the government, which would undertake the matter when the proper time arrived. A resolution favoring the cabinet in their firm resolve to realize the reforms demanded was adopted—287 to 66.

Pleasant Words from Ignatieff.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 6.—Gen. Ignatieff in receiving Jewish delegates, said he hoped before many months the western frontier would be opened to Jews. The murder of Jews near Novitivor was committed by peasants without the smallest provocation.

An Insurrection Growing.

ATHENS, Feb. 6.—The insurrection in Yemen, Arabia, is gaining ground. A number of Arabs have deserted the Turkish standard. Insurgents are in possession of the principal interior towns and occupy them, from which they can only be dislodged by a large force.

Thinking of Improvement.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 6.—The sultan has had an interview with the American minister, Gen. Wallace, to gain information in respect to agriculture, and he has sent to America for specimens of the most improved agricultural implements.

A Mutual Affair.

CAIRO, Feb. 6.—The cabinet has notified England and France of its intention to determine in concert with those powers certain matters in reference to the budget.

ACCIDENTS.

Disastrous Tank Explosion.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 6.—An explosion yesterday afternoon of a large tank in the East St. Louis rendering works, situated north of the Salisbury stock yards almost completely demolished the building, killed John Cassacce and seriously injured Jerome Tyler and John Meyerhofer. Loss, $15,000.

Accidentally Killed.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 5.—A daughter of John Hill, living three miles here, aged 13, while foolishly playing with a loaded shotgun to-day, discharged it, the weapon, and the entire load took effect in the body of her little brother aged 6, from the effects of which the child soon died.

Fell through a Trestle.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 6.—John Cobish, John Meshka and Joseph Hurtado were killed, pushing a car load of coal on a trestlework at Locust point to-day, when the trestlework gave way and the men were killed.

TELEGRAPHIC SPARKS.

Louis P. Berry was confirmed postmaster at Colfax, W. T., Monday.

It is now said that Mrs. Lincoln has $65,000 in government 3 per cents.

Yellow Jacket was assessed $1, and Belcher 50 cents per ton Monday.

Three burglars were killed at Camuelton, Ind., while trying to rob a store.

The Washington grand jury are investigating the straw bond star route cases.

Dodge's box factory at Jersey City was burned Sunday. Loss considerable.

The house sub-committee on territories favors the admission of Washington as a state.

Dispatches from Paris and Cairo are more reassuring concerning the Egyptian situation.

The porte has conferred the grand cordon of the imperial order of Osmanlie upon Count Von Moltke.

Sir William Pallser, inventor of Pallser's projectiles and a scientist of note, died at London on Monday.

Lieutenant Harbor and Master Schleltze of the navy left for Europe Saturday on the search for De-Long's party.

The extension of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad to Chicago is among the probabilities of the coming summer.

Gen. Abel Buford, of Kentucky, a well known sporting man, has retired from the turf and joined a Louisville church.

An immense meeting was held at Deadwood, Dakota, on the 4th inst., to discuss means of aiding the completion of a railway to the Black Hills.

The trouble between the rival governments at Jalisco, Mexico, has been quietly terminated by the abdication of Bretina, one of the governors.

Charles McLane, greenback member of the Massachusetts legislature, was sentenced to imprisonment for three months at Boston last Saturday for being a common drunkard.

The secretary of the interior has modified the ruling of Secretary Schurz by which any useful timber heretofore included can now be planted under the timber culture act.

Miss Fannie Cavaely, of Atlanta, Ill., was allowed $30,000 damages last week in her suit against Dr. James A. Campbell for seduction while under influence of ether in his office.

The wholesale dry goods house of Evans & McDonald, of Fort Wayne, Ind., was attached by creditors on the 4th inst. A blanket mortgage is held on the stock by a relative in California.

The county officers of Grant county, Dakota, attempted to remove the county seat from Big Stone to Mill Bank last week, when 300 of the citizens of the former place threatened to kill the first man that moved the safe. The county seat is still at Big Stone.

AN INQUIRY.

PORTLAND, Feb. 6.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Will you kindly allow me through the medium of your columns, to ask the editor of THE SUNDAY OREGONIAN and Mr. William Reiff to rise and explain the grounds on which they base their assertion that real estate in Portland is overpriced. Let them first inform the public what has caused the rise, and then by comparison with other cities equally advantageously geographically placed, and of similar commercial importance, show the grounds on which they base their assumptions. Also let them show the relative proportions of mortgages and rebates going to record at the present time, such is the only method that will convince the public. Let us have logic in place of assertions.

J. FRED CLARK.

GARFIELD COUNTY ITEMS.

[REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OREGONIAN.]

POMEROY, Garfield County, W. T., Feb. 4.

Commissioners court will meet next Monday.

The Pomeroy *Republican* will start up again in a few weeks in this city.

Many business men are constantly coming to Pomeroy looking for locations in this promising town.

A. F. Parker, whose printing office was attached at at Lowiston, I. T., thinks he can pay out of the difficulty.

The weather has very much moderated here. At this writing the thermometer stands at 48 degrees above zero.

The Attack on the Northwest.

Oregon State Journal.

We have received a marked copy of the New York *Herald* containing a ferocious attack upon the Northern Pacific railroad's land grant. This may be justifiable in the mind and may suit the purposes of the scrupulous demagogues who are pulling the democratic wires in Oregon. But to break down the credit of that company again, which would probably be the result of taking away its land grant, and delay the completion of the road another ten years, would be a great injury to the people of Oregon.

A Powerful Gang.

(Atlanta Constitution.)

It is mighty funny. The star routers didn't like Garfield, and he was assassinated. They didn't like MacVeagh, and he disappeared. They didn't like Blaine, and he retired. They didn't like James, and he had to go. The truth is, the star routers appear to be a lousy and powerful gang.

Dealers in valentines supplied at San Francisco prices by the N. Y. Novelty Co., 40 First street.

Diphtheria is prevalent at Hillsboro and Forest Grove.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.

Morgan offered a concurrent resolution declaring that treaties between the United States and Mexico should not be changed without the consent of both governments. Withdrawn pending a brief speech on the Morrill bill. Senate then resumed consideration of the bankruptcy bill, which after a brief discussion was temporarily laid aside.

Logan moved to take up the amendment declaring in favor of pensions to the survivors of the Mexican war. Sewell moved to amend by adding disabled soldiers. Logan in the course of a short speech said the soldiers were not asking at the present time for pensions. Before he had closed the vote was taken on the motion to amend, which was agreed to—yeas 37, nays 19. The total number of pensioners at present on the rolls of the war department was 320,241, but to-day there were but many cases entitled to pensions of every man who died honorably in the service, and every one discharged for disability had a claim. Since 1860, 38,000 persons had been granted by reason of deaths or disabilities no three was such according to the war department rolls. 250,000 presumable cases to which no applications at all had ever been made. This was conclusive answer to the charge that the pension list had been swollen by fraud and we may therefore look for very large accessions to the roll without any presumption of fraud on the account of cases placed there. It was true the aggregate required to pay pensions was stupendous, but this was because war itself was gigantic and colossal. Ingalls had something to say of himself and his tradusers and was followed by Blackburn.

Without action the resolution was laid aside for executive session.

Bills were introduced by Hill (Colorado) for cancellation of illegal entries and sales of public lands and for refunding purchase moneys.

After executive session senate adjourned.

House.

Belmont offered a resolution for a transcript of Jacob E. Shephard's letters and replies on file in the state department, and copies of any other letters not already communicated, from which the names of persons and firms have been omitted, and requesting the president to state what measures can be taken to recover letters declared to be missing from files of the department; adopted.

Springer introduced a resolution asking the president for information as to the right or authority under which the republics of North and South America were invited to send two commissioners to a peace congress in Washington in November, 1882; adopted.

By Cobb, a resolution asking the secretary of the interior for all information concerning land grant roads, the names, number of acres, and companies which failed to complete the road in legal time; referred.

By Willis, authorizing withdrawal from warehouses, without tax, alcohol and other spirits to be used in manufacture, or manipulation of tobacco.

Committee on public buildings authorized a favorable report of bills for construction of a $200,000 building in Denver, instead of $300,000, and reducing the amount for Peoria from $400,000 to $325,000.

By Robinson, of New York, directing the attorney general to communicate to the house his opinion in writing on the following questions: If Joseph Warren Keifer, speaker of the house, or Alonzo B. Cornell, or Charley Carroll, a laborer under the department of public works of the city of New York, each being citizens of the United States, should visit any part of the British empire, and should there be arrested without having committed any crime, or having any crime definitely alleged against him, could the English government, by suspending habeas corpus, or otherwise lawfully detain him in custody for any length of time without trial and without any right in our government to demand his release. Also his opinion on the application of the law of July 27, 1868, to such cases and the president's duty under it. Also calling on the secretary of the treasury for terms of the contract for printing revenue stamps or bank checks, and for information as to whether parties holding contracts are citizens of the United States or subjects of a foreign government.

Horr, one of Michigan moves to suspend the rules and pass the bill defining the qualifications of territorial delegates in the house and representatives. It provides that no person who is guilty of bigamy or polygamy shall be eligible to a seat in office as delegate from any territory. The laws now in an inoperative mood, and when the speaker put the question there were few responses. He however declared the motion carried and bill passed. It was only after the bill had been thus disposed of many members of the measure which had been adopted.

Page and Rosecrans introduced resolutions to reorganize the courts of the United States and to provide for appellate courts.

Mills, of Texas, introduced a resolution calling on the secretary of the interior for information as to the number of acres public land that have been granted by congress, both directly to companies and through states, what railroads have been subsidized, and number of acres granted to each, and also directing him to report to the house the net earnings of the Kansas Pacific, Union Pacific and Central Pacific, central branch of the Union Pacific Company, and the Sioux City and Pacific roads, from the commencement of operation of each of said companies to the present time. Referred to committee on public lands.

Payne, of Pennsylvania, offered a resolution stating that Thomas Shields and two other citizens, confined in jail in Mexico for breach of civil contract, wrote Minister Morgan but received no answer, and directing the secretary of state to examine into the matter and report the facts to the house; adopted.

Beltzhoover, of Pennsylvania, and Converse, of Ohio, obtained leave to print in the record amendments which they proposed to offer to the apportionment bill.

The Beltzhoover amendment makes it unlawful for any county or parish in formation of any representative district which shall consist of more than one county or parish to be any but those counties or parishes which are most nearly contiguous.

The Converse amendment provides the whole population of the United States shall be divided by 319 and the quotient shall be the ratio of representation, and that when any state shall have a fraction above the ratio so large, that when multiplied by five the result will be reduced to one or more ratios, additional representatives shall be appointed to such ratios among the several counties of the next decennial period in the following manner: If there be only one ratio the representative shall be allotted to the fifth congress of the decennial period, namely: the 52d congress. If there be two ratios the representative shall be allotted to the 6th or fourth periods, namely: the 52d and 51st congresses. If there be three ratios the representative shall be allotted to the fifth, fourth and third periods, namely: the 52d, 51st and 50th congresses, and if there be four ratios the representative shall be admitted to the fifth, fourth, third and second periods, namely: the 52d, 51st, 50th and 49th congresses.

Joyce, of Virginia, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill for appointment of commissioners on the subject of alcoholic liquor traffic.

Bragg, of Wisconsin, demanded a second, and the motion was seconded. A vote was then taken upon adoption of the motion and lost—years 112, nays 93 —not the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative. This was strictly a party vote, except Beltzhoover, Culberson, Jones of Arkansas, Ludd, Simonton and Vance, who voted with republicans in the affirmative, and Davis of Illinois, Young and Gunther of Wisconsin, with the democrats in the negative.

Adjourned.

"DER DRUMMER."

"One of the Two Hundred or More" Speaks for "The Road."

PORTLAND, Feb. 6.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Your editorial in this morning's issue of your paper entitled "The Drummer Affliction" is rather a one-sided view of the case and calls from the "two hundred or more" of that fraternity an answer.

You certainly did not enter into any calculations in writing this article or you would have figured a large percentage in favor of the buyers in the northwest, saying nothing of the business brought to your hotels, railroads, steamboats, etc., by "drummers." Taking your estimate of 200 "drummers" at an average expense of $10 per day and you have $2,000 disbursed in sustaining your hotels and lines of travel.

Now, Mr. Editor, it does not need much study on your part to calculate how much money would be spent by the merchants of Oregon, Washington territory, Idaho, Montana, etc., were they compelled to go to San Francisco or Portland for the purchase of their goods, to say nothing of the additional time lost in the journey and return which is the most charge interest in the way of profit.

In conclusion, were your ideas to be carried out, who would sustain your hotels, stage lines, etc.

Respectfully, "ONE OF THE 200 OR MORE."

By all means take the darling to Abell's, where a first-class photograph of the pet one can be secured. For sample of this and other work, refer to any one of our satisfied display.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

Carpenters Organizing.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 5.—A meeting of carpenters and joiners was held to-day for the purpose of organizing a local lodge and in connection with the Los Angeles District of carpenters and joiners of America. A preamble and resolution was adopted, and the meeting adjourned until Friday when an organization will be perfected.

Arranging for a Celebration.

This afternoon at Patrick's day convention of Irish Americans held for the purpose of making arrangements for the proper observance of the 17th of March, and officers were chosen, and the usual committees appointed to make preparations.

Organizing a Warfare on Bugs.

JOSE, Feb. 5.—A meeting of fruit growers of Amador county was held here yesterday for the purpose of adopting measures by which successful war might be waged against damaging insects to fruits. It is reported that great ravages are made on fruit and trees by coaling moths and other insects in that county. The fruit men unanimously determined to wage a war of extermination against these enemies, and steps were taken to organize a fruit growers' association and a meeting was called for that purpose on April 8th.

A Lynching Case Probable.

SACRAMENTO, Feb. 6.—At 10:00 this morning Joseph Hurtado shot and instantly killed Jose Antonio Estuardo on the corner of Front and J streets. It was a deliberate assassination growing out of the arrest of Hurtado a few days ago for assaulting Estuardo. The murdered man was married and he always bore the reputation of a quiet, peaceable citizen. Hurtado has been in many shooting scrapes and killed a man in this city some three years ago. The community is in a state of excitement and lynching is not at all improbable.

Congressional Promises.

At the annual meeting this evening of the board of trade, communications were read from Senator J. F. Miller and Congressmen H. F. Page, Pacheco and C. B. Berry promising to do all in their power to accomplish the objects set forth in resolutions of the board concerning Chinese immigration, survey of public lands, introduction of civil government in Alaska, restoration of American mercantile marine and signal service stations on the Pacific.

Railroad Accident in California.

The east and west bound freight and emigrant trains on the Southern Pacific collided last night in San Gergonia pass. Both engines and thirty cars were demolished but no lives lost.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Latest News from Across the Ocean, per Steamer City of Rio de Janeiro.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.—Arrived steamer Rio de Janeiro, Hong Kong via Yokohama, with the following news:

HONG KONG, Jan. 12.—The British princes sailed from Hong Kong December 31st in the Bacchante.

The relations between China and Japan are still unsatisfactory.

China is gradually adding to her naval and shore strength

Corean envoys have been dispatched to Peking to complain of ill treatment of Coreans by Japanese.

The provisions of the Russo-Chinese treaty are difficult of fulfillment. On the Kuldja frontier inhabitants of districts retroceded are averse to Chinese rule. Several revolts have been quelled by Chinese with customary barbarity.

The Chinese government has undertaken to dredge the Woosung bar and clear a channel to Shanghai.

The young emperor is reported ailing.

YOKOHAMA, Jan. 21.—The emperor has lessened an address to the army, telling soldiers not to meddle with politics.

An application to U. S. Minister Bingham to issue a writ of habeas corpus in the case of O'Neil, convicted of manslaughter by the U. S. consul at Kobe, has been refused.

Sir Harry Parkes, British minister, arrives here next week, and the work of treaty revision will proceed. A preliminary meeting of foreign ministers has already been held to prepare a programme for negotiations.

Kuroda has been appointed private adviser to the mikado. He is the most influential person in the empire. The appointment is disapproved by the entire press.

Capt Middlebrook Cabinsas of the U. S. S. Swatara, was accidentally shot and killed at Kobe while at drill.

New vessels of war are being laid down for construction in Yokohama arsenal.

YAZOO AGAIN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I herewith hand you a letter from Judge Calhoun on that Yazoo question, which I would like you to publish, together with the original paragraph, (herewith handed you), of which it is an explanation, so that the public can understand the whole issue. Of course you simply copied what you found reported in the papers and you are not chargeable with that mean suppression of truth which is thus exposed.

A CITIZEN OF OREGON.

February 6, 1882.

[From the Oregonian, Dec. 29, 1881.]

Judge Calhoun of Yazoo county, Miss., in a charge to the grand jury of the county delivered on the 23th of last month, said that "for six years he had charged the grand juries in his court ten times each year," and yet it was true that "no man, not even the judge or foreman of the jury, has any assurance, so far as protection afforded by law is concerned, that upon leaving the court house his brains would not be blown out and the perpetrator of the deed go unpunished." This, we believe, is the same Yazoo which a citizen of Oregon undertook to prove by a letter from the governor of Mississippi to be one of the most law-abiding sections of the whole union.

THE LETTER FROM JUDGE CALHOUN.

CANTON, Miss., Jan. 16, 1882.

Col. Garnett Andrews, Yazoo City, Miss.—*My Dear Sir:* Your favor 12th inst. covering letter from Sidney Dell, Esq., of 12th ult., herewith returned, was duly received. The report is, in the main, accurate but fails to state the connection in which the charge was used. I was referring to the fact that we seemed to be now in a season of crime which prevaded the civilized world, that crime was rife and not to shock the sensibilities of the people as they did formerly, and that acts of outrage were more frequent because of their immunity from punishment, arising from a maudlin sympathy in the public pervading the jury boxes. So far from making my own district or Yazoo county exceptional in this regard, I referred expressly to the improved condition in this part of the state in the last few years. I did say, however, that there was still great room for improvement, and that we were far behind the civilization of England, which I placed at the head of ten lightened nations. I do not feel sure of the propriety of dignifying the squib with a public explanation.

S. S. CALHOUN.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

DEEDS.

C. P. Ferry and wife to Wm. Brown, 1-3 E ½ lots 1 and 2, blk 20, E P, Feb 3—$250.

John Clark and wife to S. Simon, 80 feet lot 1, blk 69, Feb 6—$1650

P. A. Marquam by Samuel E. Ross, lot 4, blk 49, P C H, Feb 6—$100.

Portland Lone Fir C. Co. to Donald Macleay, lots 19 and 20, blk 13, cemetery, Jan 3—$80.

QUIT CLAIM DEEDS.

Ben. Holladay by G. W. Weidler his attorney, to G. R. & N. Co., tract in E. P., Feb 3—$2.

Everything is "Feasible."

San Francisco Alta.

Senator J. H. Mitchell of O

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 7, 1882.

OUR "ANTI-MONOPOLISTS."

The Pacific coast is connected with the east only by railroads which terminate in California. All these roads, as dispatches of to-day inform us, have formed a "pool." The business is to be divided between them. Rates, of course, are to be kept up to the highest figures which the traffic will bear. This is one great step in the movements of the allied monopolies which are conspiring and struggling to hold the Pacific coast in their common grasp. The other part of their programme is to arrest the progress of the Northern Pacific. To accomplish this they are inciting the war on the Northern Pacific's land grant. If they can only delay, or still better, destroy, the Northern Pacific as a through line, they will have opportunity to perpetuate their pooling arrangement. Then they will be able not only to rob and oppress the people of the whole Pacific slope, but they will prevent the independent developement of the northwest, which would be a sure consequence of the success of the Northern Pacific railroad.

It is this oppressive and gigantic monopoly—a monopoly bent upon holding us of the northwest in perpetual vassalage—that pretended anti-monopolists here are favoring when they join in the crusade against the independent northwestern railroad. Consistent anti-monopolists they are who work in the interest and pay of the New York and California combination! Our own railroad system, the system which has been waited for and hoped for under the conviction that it was the one great thing necessary to the development of our state and the whole northwest, is but partially constructed, and as yet is only to a very limited extent in operation. It has had no chance yet to accomplish anything for itself or the country. The system is in the era of inception, in the period of construction. It has difficult mountain chains to pierce and great distances to traverse. It passes through a country of sparse population, and finds great difficulty in obtaining an adequate supply of labor. But this system of railroads—our own system, the system on which all our prospects confessedly depend—is not to be given a chance, even at home. It is our sole hope for deliverance; and yet it is denounced as an oppressive monopoly, and aid and comfort are given from here to the monopolists in California, New York and Washington, who want to destroy it. The great allied monopoly, we hear, is egging on the so-called anti-monopoly press and orators of Oregon, finding here a set of "jayhawkers" who would sell the birthright of their country for paltry sums nominally given as subscriptions to worthless publications, or supplied as viaticum to dead-beats who traverse the country to misrepresent and malign the great enterprises on which all the prosperity of the northwest depends.

These are the "anti-monopolists" who are making the attack upon the Northern Pacific at this end of the line. They are doing the work of the combined monopolies which have effected the pooling arrangement for the traffic of the Pacific coast, reported to-day. If through the completion of the Northern Pacific the trade of the great northwest should break away from that pool, and our section should enter upon an independent development, under the stimulation of its own activities, no doubt our pretended anti-monopolists of press and rostrum would sorrow as "strikers" without a hope and as "jayhawkers" without an occupation.

THE GREED OF "PROTECTION."

The Bessemer steel men of Pennsylvania have found an instance where protection pinches, and with characteristic assumption have asked congress to modify the tariff laws in their interest. They want a certain class of Canadian iron ore used in the Bessemer process admitted free of duty, but do not suggest the importance or fairness of a corresponding reduction in the tariff on steel rails. Nor do they want iron ore other than the peculiar quality which they must import admitted free, as it would reduce the price of the Pennsylvania product. In other words, the demand is for free import for the manufacturer and high tariff for the consumer, so that the latter must buy of the former at whatever price he chooses to put on his goods. The present duty on iron ore is 20 per cent. ad valorem, or about 60 cents per ton. The total number of tons imported last year was 321,073 of the value of $1,724,885. These ores are used in the Pennsylvania Bessemer steel works and in Ohio, and the scheme of tariff relief is of course supported by Pennsylvania and Ohio protectionists. To give the matter a better face it is proposed to make a barter with Canada by which she will admit American coal to her markets free of duty. The measure is opposed by the owners of small mines on Lake Superior in the United States, who furnish ore of the quality required and are, of course, enabled by the tariff to get high prices. They claim protection as their right and upon the ground that similar interests in Pennsylvania and other states are protected.

John Roach, a conspicuous sufferer under the protective system, is appealing for a change in the tariff laws in his own personal interest. He asks one committee to grant him a subsidy upon the tonnage he builds and another to knock off the tariff from iron used in shipbuilding. Mr. Roach claimed in a recent interview that he was much more interested in the subject in his capacity as ship-owner than as ship-builder. He was so self-sacrificing and disinterested in the matter that, if he thought it would be better for the American merchant marine to have free ships, he would willingly close out his shipyard. His statements were largely a repetition of those he has hitherto made before congressional committees and outside conventions and in the press. Among his remarks were the following in substance. He claimed that the question of building up an American merchant marine was more a question of national defense than of carrying goods. He admitted that it cost 10 per cent. more to build iron steamships in this country than it cost to build the same class of vessels in England.

Thus the fine patriotic theories of the most extreme protectionists vanish into very thin air when the tariff happens to affect their own interests.

SPREAD OF SMALLPOX.

It is admitted by the health authorities in most of the eastern states that this foulest of diseases has been steadily gaining ground in this country for two or three years. Now here and now there, in a large city, in a remote village, or in a farming neighborhood it breaks out with a virulence that sweeps everything before it for awhile, and then dies out and apparently leaves the place. Why is this? A leading journal truly says that a rational explanation of its course in one village would be of inestimable service to the whole country in showing the means of avoiding it. The explanation is simple enough. We account for its increase during the last three years by the general neglect of vaccination by the uneducated classes, and by the utterly insufficient means even in the largest and best ordered community to guard against its spread or to take proper care of the patients. What small-pox hospitals are in most of our cities we all know too well; but as to what becomes of smallpox patients where there are no hospitals it is not best to inquire too closely. In the city of Pittsburg, for example, wealthy and generous as she is, there was a month ago no shelter for the poor wretches smitten with this disease, and the story goes that they were quartered on boats and anchored out in the middle of the Ohio. The ice breaking up in the night, the miserable creatures got up and sat shivering in their blankets, momentarily expecting to be plunged into the freezing flood. This instance is cited only to illustrate the universal neglect to provide proper, clean hospitals, nurses, etc., for this disease. When it has once got a foothold in a community, if the theory of anti-vaccinationists were true, there would be no reason why it should not become a permanent curse. As soon as it breaks out, however, there is general vaccination, the disease is isolated as much as possible, and the curse disappears. The suggestions of the national health congress for protection of the disease, in which vaccination holds the leading place, ought to be carried out in every town and hamlet. There is no reason why civilized communities, with all their knowledge and organization, should be as helpless as the native savages of America were when the scourge broke out among them.

THE DRUMMERS AGAIN.

There are of course two sides to the "drummer" question, and "one of the two hundred or more" puts the case for himself and his fellow-travelers in a letter which we print to-day. The main points in the statement are that the drummer spends his traveling allowance in the state and so supports hotels and transportation lines, and that he makes terms as low or lower than his employers do to merchants who do not buy from travelers. No estimate is made of the amount spent "with the boys," and which does not contribute to the prosperity of the state. The general public, who in the end supply the money which goes into the pocket of the drummer and out of it again, is not interested in the hotel business and cares but little whether it is profitable or not; and the transportation lines would probably serve the people just as well if they never got a dollar from a commercial traveler. At least, the people are not so much interested in hotels or railroad lines as to be willing to contribute $730,000—the estimate given—or any less sum to their support. It may be true that some jobbers demand in their own warehouses the same terms made by a traveler maintained on the road at great expense, but others do not. We have it from a reliable dealer that a stock of goods can be bought from ten to twenty-five per cent cheaper from jobbing houses direct than through drummers. The money paid to traveling men for salaries, expenses, etc., must be made up and of course is added to the cost of goods, and it is foolish to attempt to disguise this. It is not the local merchant, who is merely a middleman, who suffers most, but the people whom he must charge high retail prices because of the exorbitant wholesale rates charged him. There is no kind of goods which cannot be accurately described by letter, and where jobbers are honest, and the business on this coast is generally in good hands, there need be no difficulty in buying goods by letter. Every merchant does this more or less even now.

George C. Gorham has been relieved from duty on the Washington *Republican*. It was high time. Of all the "stalwart" buzzards in high feather at Washington since the murder of President Garfield, none has been more conspicuous than this maligner of the murdered president and defender of the star-route thieves. He wrote a remarkable editorial the other day abusive of Garfield's retiring postmaster general. Of Thos. L. James he said: "He has fled! We may now pause to contemplate that arrant humbug who cowered among us like some craven renegade whose perfidy averted the glance his notoriety attracted. There was no friend whom he did not deceive; there was no scoundrel whom he did not embrace. Pretending honesty, he consorted with thieves; professing economy, he practiced extravagance; and in the name of reform he accepted without reason and retained without shame an office which he mismanaged. Honesty hung its head in his presence; candor was unknown in his office; blackmailers were his companions, and false dealing was his practice; slander assumed the air of history; there was nothing too low for him, to do nor too shameful for him to advocate." Such is a sample of the vile abuse which is heaped upon every man who dares cross the pathway of the political brigands who revel at the national capital. And all because James was pursuing the postal thieves. It was high time for Gorham to "go."

Rev. T. L. Eliot's protest against the "Logan bill" is presented with his usual earnestness; but the position is an ideal rather than a practical one. Consumption of liquors is a *fact*. There is nothing in the history of mankind which supports the idea that it can be abolished. It is wise, therefore, to recognize its existence as a fact, and to tax the traffic for best purposes. That of public education on the whole seems to be the best cause of any, because it affects the whole people, and the public revenue should not be expended except for a public object. We should not favor the appropriation of the money derived from taxation of liquors to support of inebriate asylums, or even to the support of wives and children of drunkards, because, first, it is a man's own appetite, not the liquor tax, that makes him a drunkard, and government cannot afford to set a premium on the development of this appetite in order that the persons who acquire it may get themselves taken care of; and second, because in the long run it would be no charity to support even the wives and children of drunkards at the public expense. The argument which Mr. Eliot says Logan's bill would put into the mouths of drinkers and sellers, "Here we go to build up our glorious educational system!" might occasionally be used in place of other bar-room twaddle, but it can scarcely be seriously supposed that it would actually cause any increase of drinking. Government, in taxing the liquor traffic, does not approve the traffic, nor urge people to engage in or support it. It simply recognizes the fact that liquors are and will be consumed, and sensibly takes measures to secure a revenue from them. How shall that revenue be expended? We can see no better object than that of public education.

We have no desire to represent the Yazoo country as cursed by ruffians to a greater extent than it actually is, Mr. Sidney Doll appears to think its good name fully vindicated by the letter published to-day. Yet after all we doubt whether it is quite so civil a community as most others, and the letter from Judge Calhoun would seem to furnish just ground for such doubt. He says that the language quoted from his address to the grand jury is "in the main accurate," but the statement should have been added that he was referring to crime all over the civilized world, and to the bad state of public opinion, which allows sympathy with crime to prevail over the law. Yet we should hope there are few parts of the country where a judge, in addressing a grand jury, would have occasion to say that one man, or even the judge of the court of the jury, has any assurance, so far as he is protection afforded by law is concerned, that murder leaving the court house his brains would be blown out, and the perpetrator of the deed go unpunished." We should take leave to be a local allusion to Yazoo, coming as it does from a Yazoo judge, who says that it is in the main accurate. The remark will certainly not apply to the country at large.

We hold this truth to be self-evident, that the present movement in real estate in this city is chiefly a speculative one. And therefore we think it wise to suggest prudence and caution. "The earth hath bubbles as the water hath." A note which we publish to-day requests a statement by THE SUNDAY OREGONIAN of the grounds on which the opinion is based that real estate in this city is running up into purely speculative values. Some considerations on the subject will be presented in next Sunday's issue.

The Kentucky legislature is discussing a bill to prohibit free passes on railroads. But this movement towards strict propriety is rendered another bill which would impose a fine of from $1 to $20 on every Kentuckian who lied; or, to use the language of the proposed statute, on every one "who by word of mouth attempts to deceive his fellow man."

Daniel Webster's birthplace is a farm near Franklin, N. H. G. W. Nesmith, the owner of the farm, has joined a movement started by the citizens of Franklin, Concord and Salisbury, for a local Webster centennial on the old place next June.

The census of Paris, just taken, shows that the city now has a population of 2,225,900, against 1,988,800 in 1876, and 1,851,792 in 1872, the increase has, of course, been greatest in outlying industrial quarters.

Mrs. Swissholm, in a recent letter said: "As between drowning a country girl and getting her employment in the city, I rather think I'd drown her, and get her out of harm's way."

MEETING NOTICES.

St. Andrew's Society.—Members are requested to meet at their rooms this evening, the 7th February, at 8 o'clock, to transact important business.
JOHN GOODFELLOW, President.

Vigilance Hook and Ladder Co. No. 1.—Meeting this evening at 7:30 o'clock.
R. M. McMASTER, Sec'y.

Columbian Engine Co. No. 3.—Regular meeting this (Thursday) evening at 7:30 o'clock.
R. M. DONOVAN, Secretary.

Couch Engine Co. No. 6.—Regular meeting this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock.
P. WAGNER, Secretary.

BORN.

Near East Portland, Feb. 5, to the wife of Thomas Mansfield, a son.

MARRIED.

At the residence of Mr. Isaac Staats in Polk Co., Feb. 2, by Rev. J. A. Hallenbaugh, W. E. Dalton and Miss Irene Staats.

DIED.

In this city, Feb. 6, at 7:55 P. M., Mrs. Ann Mason Stephenson, relict of the late John Stephenson, aged 78 years and 9 months.

Funeral will take place Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock, from the Taylor street M. E. church. Friends are invited.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED—THREE HARNESS MAKERS.—Apply to R. SHERLOCK, 34 Front street. 7d6t

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE-work in a small family. Apply 125 Sixth st. 1t

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK OR TO make myself generally useful. Inquire at store corner Harrison and Fifth street. 1t

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CLERK OR salesman in a dry goods store; is an experienced hand; best of reference given. Address "B," P. O. Box 707. 7d3t

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER or to take charge of a house. Apply at 286 South Front street. 1t

A GOOD STEINWAY PIANO FOR RENT. APPLY TO A. ALISKY'S Candy Store. 1w1fmo

TWO SALESMEN WANTED—APPLY TO THE Slinger Manufacturing Co., 92 Morrison st., near Fifth. 2d6t

QUILTS.—HOUSEKEEPERS WILL FIND A full assortment of the celebrated Burlson and Jones Marseilles Quilts at our store, which are offered at cost during our fourth annual clearance sale. OLDS & KING, 186 First st., bet. Yamhill and Taylor.

TO ALL WEAK-KNEED.

ALL PERSONS HAVING REAL ESTATE IN Portland, who wish to realize upon the same before the crash, can find cash purchaser at present market prices, by giving list of property and prices. Lock Box 4, Portland, Oregon. 7d3t

NOT INFLATED.

The owner of 85 by 100 feet on Front st., on which there is a two-story brick building, has not felt the "boom," and will sell at the price of ten years ago, $11,000—only $2,000 cash, balance five or ten years. We have only two $400 Lots in Wilson's addition, unsold.
7d3t PERRY & WHITE.

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN.

10 acres; good house, cost $2,800; barn, cost $450; two orchards, small and large fruit; near East Portland. Price, $4,500. PERRY & WHITE, Real Estate Agents. 7d3t

FOR SALE.

A very handsome property on Morrison st., price $10,000. Also, a choice lot on First st.; price $3600. A few of the low-priced lots in Wilson's addition. PERRY & WHITE, Real Estate Agents. 7d3t

NOTICE TO THE PATRONS OF

R. D. PITT,

REAL ESTATE and MONEY BROKER,

Notary Public, and Commissioner of Deeds for all States and Territories.

DURING THE TIME OCCUPIED BY REPAIRS to No. 149 First street, I will be found at all hours to 8 o'clock every evening at the Northwestern News Store, adjoining my old quarters.

Money to Loan, Real Estate for sale and Notary Business done as Usual.

MONEY TO LOAN

In Sums of $300 and Upwards,

On First-class Improved Farms in Western Oregon.

AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

A. W. OCOROCK, 151 First St.

Shipping up for Portland.

The American ship **"WILNA,"** Lombard master, 1,163 tons register, is now loading at New York with general cargo, to sail

ABOUT MARCH 1st,

FOR PORTLAND. As the balance of disengaged room is limited, shippers will oblige by making their engagements immediately.

VAN BRUNT & CO., Agents,
166 Wall street, New York City.
C. H. PRESCOTT, Consignee, Portland. 5d6m

AUCTION SALE.

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE

TO CLOSE CONSIGNMENTS.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 8th—10 A. M.

At Salesroom, N. E. cor. First and Pine Sts.

STOCK COMPRISING

12 Kitchen Tables, 10 Single Bedsteads, 10 Commodes, 4 Double Bedsteads, 2 Cottage Bedroom Suits, Chairs, 1 Marble-top Center Table, 1 Large Office Desk, Bedding, Single and 4-4 Spring Mattresses; Bedding, Single and 4-4 Wool Mattresses; Pillows, Comforts, Blankets, Spreads, Sheetings,

ALSO

1 Three-Light Drop Chandelier, 1 Hall Lamp, 1 Two-Light Drop Chandelier with Sufels Prisms; Side Bracket Lamps, Stand and Hand Lamps, Brooms, Tubs, Buckets, Baskets, Brushes, 10 doz 4 to 6-inch Slip Blister Stamped Plates; Glassware, Cutlery, Notions and Furnishing Goods,

ALSO

20 boxes Soap, 20 5-lb boxes Tea, 1 chest Tea, 150 lbs. Whole Allspice, 150 lbs. Whole Pepper, 20 kegs Pickles, etc., etc.

7d3t **S. FRIEDMAN, Auc't'r.**

WANTS.

WANTED—A GIRL TO ASSIST IN GENERAL housework. Apply at 90 Park st. 1t

WANTED—TWO CARPENTERS TO WORK on a job. Apply at 90 Park st. 1t

WANTED—A LADY COMPETENT TO TEACH THE many English branches, Music, Calisthenics, Dress-cutting, Embroidery, etc., in a private school. References given. Address "A," P. O. Box 65, Portland, Oregon. 7d3t

WANTED—A PARTNER IN THE BOILER BUSiness. There is a prosperous country town that is in the real estate and business for sale. Apply to C. MARTIN & CO. 7d3t

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND HAND TEAM TO work. Can be seen at Brownell's Livery Stable, corner Second and Ankeny. Address WAHTED, Box 65, Portland, Oregon. 7d3t

WANTED—AGENTS FOR OREGON AND WASHington Territory. Business permanent. Location exclusive. Address P. O. Box 206.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOMS,

BY THE WEEK OR MONTH, AT THE AUSTRIAN House. Transients accommodated. Location central. Rates reasonable. Address P. O. Box 206.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. SHERWIN,
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,
Offices: Rooms 6, 7 and 8, third floor, Carus Block, Portland, Oregon. Residence, 64 Ninth street.

MARYLE & WEBBER,
Civil Engineers and Surveyors,
Office: 29 South st., Union Block, Portland, Or. Will also attend to Real Estate Agency.
Portland, Oregon. Real Estate Agents.

COOK'S MUSIC PARLORS.

TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE AS AN INstructor. Lessons given at the Parlors, 106 First st., Law of the piano. Rooms to let. Inquire for terms.

Late of the piano. Rooms to let. Inquire for terms.
Lasher's Block, Corner Second and Third Floor Washington Streets.

DR. E. C. GEIGER,
Homœopathic Physician and Surgeon,
No. 55 South st., Portland, Or.

G. M. WELLS, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office: Rooms 26, 27, 28 Union Block, Portland, Or.

DRS. A. S. & C. B. NICHOLS,
HOMŒOPATHIC
Physicians and Surgeons,
Portland, Oregon.
Rooms 53, 54, 55 and 56, Union Block.
SPECIALTIES:
Dr. C. B. N.—Diseases of Women.
Dr. A. S. N.—Diseases of Eye, Ear and Throat.

NEW TO-DAY.

McCoy, Cheapest Printer, First and Stark.

FORTUNE TELLER.

CHARMS FOR LOVE AND LUCK. MME. LEROY 73 First st., upstairs. Fee $1.00. 3d0

THE ESMOND RESTAURANT,

THE BEST IN THE CITY.

Special Rates to Families.

TAX NOTICE.

THE TAXPAYERS OF MULTNOMAH COUNTY will please take notice that the tax roll for the year 1881 has been placed in my hands for the collection of taxes, which are now due and payable at the office of the sheriff, at the court house. All early settlement particularly requested.

JOSEPH BUCHTEL,
Sheriff and Tax Collector of Multnomah County.

Saved on every dollar's worth of Job Printing by patronizing Edw. A. Swope & Co., the best Printers in the State, 109 Front and 5 Washington Sts. Blank-Books made to order.

147 Third Street.
FOURTH WEEK OF
The City Dry Goods Store's Annual Clearance Sale
AT ACTUAL COST.

Is now in progress, with additional clerks in attendance. Come early each day. (John Wilson's old stand.)

AMUSEMENTS.

SOCIAL.

THE LADIES OF THE CHRISTIAN CHURCH will give an "Old Fashioned" social in the chapel, corner Columbia and East Park,

Tuesday Eve., February 7.

Admission 35 cents. Refreshments Free.

SOCIAL SCIENCE LECTURE

WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEB. 8th,

AT THE UNITARIAN CHAPEL,
7:30 P. M.
BY
PROF. THOMAS CONDON.

THEME:

The Changeable and the Unchangeable in the Forces of Social Science.

Few men occupy so favorable a position as Mr. Condon for estimating values in all movements of mind and classes of human progress, and this lecture is the ripe fruit of spiritual and historical experience.

Admission, 25c. 6d3t

BALLS AND PARTIES.

GRAND MASQUERADE

OF THE

PORTLAND SOCIAL TURN VEREIN.

AT
Turn Halle, Monday Ev'ng Feb. 13.

SIX PRIZES:

For Best Sustained Character—Lady and Gentleman. **For Finest Costumes**—Lady and Gentleman. **For Most Comical Characters**—Lady and Gentleman.

All masquers must be identified at the door. ADMISSION—Gent Masquers, $1; Lady Masquers, 50c; Spectators, 50c.

Tickets may be had at S. L. Beary's, and Alisky & Hegele's. Boxes or seats can be had at Alisky & Hegele's without extra charge. 2d4t&td

MASQUERADE SUITS

FOR RENT AT THE

Pioneer Masque Depot.

In addition to our large stock of Masquerade Costumes, we have purchased the entire stock of Masquerade Goods lately owned by Mrs. Pilger. We are adding New Suits every day. For further particulars and price list, address

A. F. NAEF, Manager,
S. E. Cor. First and Main Sts.

VALENTINES.

NEW DESIGNS IN

Exquisite Sentimental Valentines,

(Prices from 5c to $5 each.)

And all the Latest Novelties in

"COMICS."

THREE LARGE CASES ELEGANT VALENtines just received per steamer Oregon.

CONVENIENT ASSORTMENTS

Containing the Latest Valentines, of all prices, put up

ESPECIALLY FOR DEALERS.

In lots, at $5, $10, and $20.

A HANDSOME DISCOUNT

To all Dealers in Stationery and Fancy Goods.

J. K. GILL & CO.,

Importers of Stationery, 103 First St. Portland.

FOSTER'S KID GLOVES.

A Basket Full of Bargains at 75.

Also, the Only Genuine Jouvin Gloves in the city. Every pair of these Gloves Guaranteed.

Fine assortment of **HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES** from 3c up.

The latest styles of **LADIES and CHILDREN'S COLLARS** in a large variety of Goods and patterns.

Our Stock of Buttons, Gimps, Fringes, Beaded Laces and Bonnet Trimming speaks for itself.

The only genuine **C. P. FRENCH CORSET** in all sizes, white, gray and colors.

No end to our assortment of Ladies and Children's HOSE and LINEN HDKFS.

Felt, Wool, and Materials for Fancy Work at Reduced Prices.

A. SALMON,

SUCCESSOR TO S. BIBE.
166 FIRST ST.

TO LET.

TO LET.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH, NICELY furnished rooms, in the Abbott House, corner of Second and Oak. Rates reasonable. 1m

BUSINESS SPECIALS.

MISS CAHILL,

LATE OF SAN FRANCISCO, WISHES TO INform the ladies of Portland and vicinity that she has opened rooms at No. 5 Sixth st., between Washington and Alder, where she will be pleased to wait upon all who may favor her with a call. 1m

WEINHARD & SCHMEER, Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Liquor Dealers, Nos. 247 249 and 251 Front st., cor. Main and Madison. 1y1

BURKHARD & SCHLADING, Importers and Manufacturers of Second and Base, offer a full line of cuts for the trade. Send for price list. 1y1

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE WILL not be responsible for any debts contracted by Henry Sack, son of Mary Hofer. MARY HOFER.
Milwaukie, Or., Feb. 1. 8d1w* GUS HOFER.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between R. H. Schwabacher and Alfred Anderson, under the firm name of Schwab & Anderson, commercial brokers, 105 Front street, has expired by limitation, and R. H. Schwabacher will continue the business under the same firm name.
R. H. SCHWABACHER,
ALFRED ANDERSON.
Portland, Or., Feb. 1, 1882. 6d3t

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVE THIS DAY formed a copartnership for the transaction of a commission business, under the firm name of A. ALFRED ANDERSON & CO.
Portland, Feb. 1, 1882. 6d3t

Referring to the above, I respectfully recommend the new firm to the public, and as a continuation of the business heretofore conducted by the late firm.
R. H. SCHWABACHER.

NOTICE.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE OREGON and Washington Fish Protective Co.—You are hereby notified that there will be a special meeting of the shareholders of the Oregon and Washington Fish Protecting Company held at the board of trade room, in the city of Portland, on the 6th day of February, 1882, at 7 P. M., for the purpose of amending the by-laws, etc., at 7 P. M. for the purpose of amending the directors, increasing the number of directors to five, and electing a full board of directors.
J. W. COOKE,
President Or. & W. Fish Protecting Co.

SEATTLE PROPERTY.

ALL PERSONS HAVING PROPERTY IN SEAttle, who want to sell it, will find purchasers by communicating with the undersigned. Give a description of the property and price wanted.
NELSON & PHINNEY, Seattle, W. T.

LAW CARDS.

B. F. DENNISON. C. B. WATSON.

DENNISON & WATSON,
Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Room 51, Union Block.
Constitution and advice free to ladies.

C. H. UPTON & WM. H. UPTON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Walla Walla, W. T.

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO COLLECTIONS in Pendleton, Centerville, Weston and Milton, Or., Walla Walla, Waitsburg, Dayton, Pomeroy, Colfax and Palouse City, W. T.

ORIGINAL AND GENUINE.

We wish to thoroughly impress upon the mind of every buyer of Dry Goods and Gents' Furnishing Goods that during this, our FOURTH

[illegible] SALE

EVERY article and line of goods in our store is offered

AT COST. [illegible] AT COST.

AT COST. [illegible] AT COST.

NO OLD STOCK---NO TRASH,

But desirable goods of intrinsic worth, suited to the wants of every man, woman and child. Special attention is called to our

SILKS, DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS, AND LADIES AND GENTS' HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.

OLDS & KING,

186 FIRST ST., BET. YAMHILL AND TAYLOR.

FOR SALE.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAIN.

80 ACRES $200—4 MILES FROM STARK ST. ferry; one hundred cords; mostly improved. Land adjoining can be had for $75 per acre.
LENT & McGREW, 16 Stark st.
j31

FOR SALE.

ONE BOILER, TOGETHER WITH ALL ATtachments, in first-class condition. For particulars apply at the office of the Oregon Furniture Mfg Co., First and Yamhill s ts. 4 j27dtf

A BONANZA FOR SOME ONE.

A STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE OF about $6000, together with store houses, ground, etc., is offered for sale for the next 60 days. Situated in one of the richest and most healthful parts of the country; very handy to shipping; low freights; daily mails, and among the most prosperous farmers in the state. Object in selling, failing health and a change necessary. Persons meaning business can get particulars from PERRY & WHITE,
Real Estate Agents, 29 South st.
j26 Portland.

FOR SALE—MILL PROPERTY IN SOUTHERN OREGON.

THE FLOURING MILL AND VALUABLE water power privil ge owned by the Eberlein estate, near Roseburg. The property embraces 80 acres, 30 being farming and grazing land; 2 acres for additional mill site, suitable for woolen mill with right of way for all to same. Rare opportunity for investment. For particulars address J. EBERLEIN, Roseburg; or McDOUGALL & BOWES, 126 First st., Portland. j26d30d

SUBURBAN LANDS.

75 ACRES, SIX MILES EAST OF PORTLAND; 40 acres, three miles south of Portland; commanding a fine view of the city and surroundings; will make a delightful suburban home; price, $250.

75 Acres three miles east of Portland; fronts good county road; level; price, $100 per acre.

1,280 Acres; dairy farm; all grass land; convenient to market; good buildings; price, $15 per acre very cheap.

40 Acres, two and one-half miles from city; low; good cultivation bottom; price $125 per acre.

Also a number of other lands near the city, new and cheap.
j26d1m VAN B. DELASHMUTT

WHO WANTS IT?

HERE I AM, WITH ONE MORE CHOICE farm, that must be disposed of within the 60 days. It belongs to an estate and has to be sold. There is 91 acres of it, all under a high state of cultivation, with good fences all around it. It is located one mile south of Gervais, on the line of the O. & C. R. R. in the very center of the Willamette valley; 81 acres cleared under the plow, 10 acres timber. There is now growing on the place forty acres of wheat, a good orchard, lots of blackberries and other small fruits; a fine two-story brick house containing seven habitable rooms, good cellar; good barn and other outhouses; one harvester, one fanning mill, one seed drill, plows, harrows and a lot of other farming implements, all included in the price, $6000; half cash, balance on time. For further particulars call on or address HARRISON B. OATMAN,
j26d1m Portland.

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE.

ONE HUNDRED TOWN LOTS IN THE CITY of Hillsboro, Washington county, on the banks of the Tualamette river, adjoining Oregon City. Here is an opportunity to invest a small amount of money, but will in the near future pay you an hundred-fold on your investment. Call at my office, get printed maps and plats of the property. I have about one hundred acres adjoining Cansman, which is laid out up into tracts of from one to forty acres; some of timber, others adapted to garden purposes; fine stone quarries, and other resources that will be sure to engage in the fishing business. Anything you want. Just call around, make a reasonable offer and you will get yourself a home for a very small sum of money. This property is to be sold for just what it will bring—first come first served. Call up or address HARRISON B. OATMAN,
j26d30m S.E. Cor. First and Stark Sts., Portland.

OREGON AND WASHINGTON
REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT COMPNY.

Organized Jan. 20th, 1882.

MANLEY & TRUMAN, Managers for the State of Oregon.....Office, Portland
E. S. OAKLEY & CO., Managers for Washington Territory.....Office, Seattle

BRANCH OFFICES

At the Dalles, Pendleton, Salem, Albany, Astoria, Corvallis, Eugene City, Burg. Or. Walla Walla, Spokane Falls, New Tacoma, Port Townsend, Colfax, Olympia, T.

OBJECT OF BUSINESS:

To loan money to buy or sell improved and unimproved country and city property; examined, taxes paid, rents collected. Also to act as general agents for persons residing in other States or wishing information in regard to country and city property in Oregon and Washington we will be pleased to inform them.

All Correspondence address to the Managers at Portland or Seattle.

The Leading Suit House.

Not less than five hundred of the leading ladies of Portland and vicinity, nothing dismay'd by the press just now, are entitled to be named The Leading Suit House, having earned the title by making one of the handsomest exhibitions of Dresses and Cloaks in the Pacific at the last Mechanics' Fair, have expressed by their patronage their approval of the decision of the honorable directors, who have awarded me the first two medals—one for a dress and cloak, and one for cloaks. Mrs. Litt will again take pleasure in meeting her many customers. Address orders to MRS. H. R. LITT,
Leading Suit House, Portland.
P. O. Box 397.

SKATES!

DAYTON, HALL & LAMBERN,
Corner First and Taylor Sts. Portland.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

REDUCTIONS! REDUCTIONS.

ROOM! ROOM! ROOM!

Before my departure for the East, where I will purchase my Spring stock, I intend making a sweeping reduction in prices, as I need room.

Look at a Few of My Prices:

Ladies' Calf Buttons	$2 00
Ladies' Calf Buttons, Worked B. H.	2 50
Ladies' Pebble Buttons	2 00
Ladies' Pebble Buttons, worked B. H.	2 50
Ladies' American Kid Buttons	2 50
Ladies' G. C. Calf Lace Shoes	1 75
Ladies' Calf Lace Shoes, lined	2 00
Men's Full Stock Kip Boots	3 00
Men's Calf Prize Boots	4 00

Children's Shoes will be sold at correspondingly low prices.

Call and Convince Yourself.

NEW YORK BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
H. GALLICK, Prop't,
108 First Street, Portland. 6d3

IRA B. STURGES. INGER P. LARSEN.

STURGES, LARSEN & CO.,

Shipping & Commission Merchants

Wholesale Dealers in
Canned Goods, Teas, Syrups, Honey, etc., etc.
SHIPPERS OF
Salmon, Grain, Flour, Wool, Country Produce.
31 Front St., Portland, Or.
Agents for C. Adolphe Low & Co's China and Diamond S. Japan Teas.
Advances made on Consignments.

WANTED.

GUESTS TO FILL THE EAGLE HOTEL, JUST opened, corner of Second and E streets. The best dollar a day house in the city.
j25d1m THOMAS & TAYLOR, Proprietors.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

A MEETING OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE Central committee of the state of Oregon will be held at the office of the chairman, in the city of Portland, on Thursday, the 23d day of February, 1882, at 11 o'clock A. M. A full attendance is earnestly desired
j28 JOSEPH SIMON, Chairman.
(Republican papers please copy.)

NERVOUS DEBILITY!

A CURE GUARANTEED.

DR. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT—A specific for Spermatorrhœa, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa caused by over-exertion, self-abuse or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars, sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantee issued only through WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Portland, Or. Orders by mail receive prompt attention. j3d1w1y

GAMBRINUS BEER!

GAMBRINUS BEER!

This celebrated beer will be on draught

AT TOUSELLE,

Corner Second and Stark Streets,
From and after to-

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 7, 1882.

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Or., as second-class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

BY MAIL—POSTAGE PREPAID IN ADVANCE.

Daily, per month.....$ 75
Daily with Sunday, per month.....
Daily, per year.....
Daily with Sunday, per year.....
Sunday Oregonian, per year.....
Sunday and Weekly Oregonian, per year.....
The Weekly Oregonian, per year.....

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday excepted.....
Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday included.....

WEATHER PROBABILITIES.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6—Midnight—Indications for northern Pacific coast regions, local rains.

CITY.

LET CHINESE GAMBLERS BE INDICTED.—It is generally understood among the gambling fraternity in the city that quite a number of indictments have been found and it is expected they will be arrested in the course of a few days. All the low resorts have been closed in hope to escape indictment and many petty gamblers have left town thinking the men too humble to pay heavy fines should they be indicted. It is even that the grand jury ought to treat all alike in this business and at the same time make a clean sweep of all places of the kind in the city. Aside from bringing indictments it is also against the law to encourage gambling in any way. They run their games more openly than even the white people, allowing free access to them from all classes of their nationality. There are three of these places on Second street between Washington and Alder, which can be designated by stopping on any night of a bright light swing over the narrow alley in ways which lead to the gambling rooms. With all the precautions they use in allowing Chinamen to come and go, the utmost watchfulness is used to prevent a white man from entering. They generally have a long narrow alley leading into these places, to which are two strong wooden doors with bars. At each door a "lookout" is stationed, and should he see a white man coming into the entrance he closes and bars the doors which he tends, at the same time signals a man at the door next to the room, who does likewise. By this means a barrier is thrown in the way of any one entering, and should it be an officer, by the time the doors are torn down, the proprietor has cleared his tables, and has a little theater, with music running in full blast, rendering it really hard to convict them of gambling, unless one of the tribe "peaches." Still they can be reached by law if proper efforts are made. The Chinese gamblers should contribute with their white brethren to Multnomah county's coffers.

CAPT. CALL'S COURSE.—Capt. Call, master of the bark Vesuvius, of whose conduct while off the bar much has been said, in speaking to a representative of this paper yesterday made the following statement; No correct account of his trials of the Columbia river had yet been given, and all publications relating thereto had placed him in a false light before the people interested in this vessel. He arrived at the bar on the 19th of December and beat about until the 24 of January, waiting for a tug, during which time the bar was in at condition to permit a vessel to cross either in or out. His crew had been sick with scurvy all this time, and the water aboard having run very short, on that day (Jan. 2) he hoisted a signal of distress, which brought Pilot Olsen to him in a yacht. Olsen said he had no steam up in the tug, and after staying on board until the 4th, advised Capt. Call to make for the Sound, where he could get a fresh crew and a supply of water. They arrived in Puget Sound two days later, and getting all necessaries returned to the bar on the 17th. Here they lay eight days, a tug finally coming to them on the 25th. It is not true that he was discharged from the vessel for disobeying orders in going to the Sound, and says he thought that his only alternative, and that his owners were perfectly satisfied with his course of action. The day before he left the bar for the Sound he had but two able seamen, and he was even confined to his bed.

PUBLIC INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.—The newly elected officers of Bethel Home Lodge, No. 1, I. O. G. T., of the world, corner of Third and D streets, were duly installed by General Deputy Hyer, R. S. Stubbs, as follows: Robert Stanton, W. C. T.; Miss Emma Waterford, V. W. T.; James Wilkinson, W. Sec.; W. H. Hunter, W. Chaplain; James Bennett, W. F. Sec.; Chas. Neilson, W. Treas.; Nathan W. Woodruff, W. M.; Ellphey Munn, Worthy Guard; James Good, Worthy Sentinel; Mrs. F. Olsen, W. D. M.; Mrs. Fanny Chaffee, W. Assist. Sec.; J. A. McCarl, P. W. C. T.; N. W. Woodruff, Lodge Deputy. After the installation the friends present were invited to partake of a generous collation provided by the lodge. Mr. E. Marvin gave two excellent humorous readings, and others contributed musical selections and songs. Captain Thomas Nesbitt, who leaves Portland this morning, and bears with him the grateful remembrances of a large circle of friends, and their best wishes for the successful passage of his ship, the Carnegie, to Europe, bade the lodge good-bye. The exercises were very pleasant and satisfactory.

SUES THE CITY.—Olef Olsen, a longshoreman, has brought suit in Justice Bybee's court against the city for $70 for fourteen days' services at $5 per day, as nurse at the emailpox hospital. He was taken there about six weeks ago with a slight case of varioloid, but was never ill enough to be confined to his bed. Like other convalescent patients, he brought in wood, kept up fires, carried provisions from the wagon to the house, and attended to other minor duties, but was not engaged as nurse. When d scharged Chief of Police Lappeus gave him a new suit of clothes costing $30, and offered him $10 in coin to pay his board until he might again obtain employment. Since his discharge, Olsen has sent to Mr. Lappeus several shysters, who demanded considerable sums, which were, of course, refused. The city has brought in as an offset against Olsen's claim an account for $120 for medical attendance, board, lodging and the clothes furnished. The case will be heard this week.

ANOTHER PIONEER GONE TO HER REST.—Last evening about 8 o'clock Mrs. A. M. Stephenson, relict of the late John Stephenson, of Fulton Precinct, died at her residence on South Third street, at the ripe age of 78 years and 9 months. Mrs. Stephenson was born near Hinterville, Alabama, in 1803. At her marriage she removed to Parkersburg, Virginia, from which place she immigrated with her husband in 1851 to Oregon and has ever since resided in this county. For her affection for her family, her kindness to her neighbors and her consistent christianity she won the esteem of all who knew her, and her last hours were soothed by the loving hands of many friends, and after an almost painless illness of eight days she calmly passed away. The funeral services will be held at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning in the Taylor street M. E. church.

TRIAL POSTPONED.—George Hansen, Wm. Palmer and Thomas Ward were taken before the police judge yesterday, the former on a charge of assault with a dangerous weapon, and the two latter of assault and battery, preferred by Hansen. On agreement between the prosecuting attorney and counsel for the defense the trial was postponed until Wednesday. It is plain to be seen, judging from several witnesses' version of the affair, that the charge made against Hansen is trumped-up and the prosecuting witnesses in the case had better tell a straight story or they may spend some time between four walls, for malicious prosecution.

SEVERE ACCIDENT.—About 5 o'clock yesterday morning William McDonald fell on the icy sidewalk on the corner of Second and F streets, and broke his left thigh bone. He was a stranger in the city, and was looking for the Clarendon hotel, and in waiting for the Burton house, to which he had gone by mistake, to the Clarendon, he met with the accident. Dr. G. W. Wells was called to attend the injured man, reduced the fracture and had him sent to St. Vincent's hospital, where he is now resting easily.

SLIGHT FIRE.—About six o'clock last night some lace curtains in the show window of Mellis Bros. & Co. took fire from a gas jet and in less than a minute the whole window was ablaze. The goods were pulled from the window by clerks, thrown on the floor and the flames stamped out. Mr. Dan McAllen, the manager, had his hands painfully burned. The loss is about $150, covered by insurance.

NEARLY EXTINCT.—Not a single case of small-pox in Portland to-day. The residency of Mrs. Budd, Sixth and E, and of Mr. Olsen, on Thirteenth, near F, were thoroughly disinfected last Friday, the patients permitted to leave and the quarantine removed. Only two cases remain at the small-pox hospital, Miss Merton and the Chinaman taken there from the insane asylum.

PURIM ENTERTAINMENT.—The grand Purim masquerade ball of the Y. M. H. A. will take place in New Market theatre March 5. The entertainment will commence with a series of tableaux, among which are: "The Children of Israel worshipping the Golden Calf," "Belshazzar," "Die Lorelei," "Lot's Wife" and "Solomon's Temple." The latter will form the last tableau.

FREIGHT TRAFFIC RESUMED.—Yesterday, the Columbia being free from ice for the first time in nine days, the O. R. & N. Co. issued notifications that they were ready to receive freight for all points on their line. Snake river is still blocked above Almota and navigation is carried on to that point. The river will probably be open to Lewiston by the end of this week.

AIR BRAKES.—All the passenger engines and cars of the east side road are being fitted with the Westinghouse air brake. Present travel does not demand this improvement, but the company are preparing for passenger traffic which awaits them upon completion of the line to California.

CHURCH MISSION.—The first service of the Church Mission of the Protestant Episcopal church will be held in Trinity church in this city this (Tuesday) evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Bishop Sillitoe of British Columbia will preach the sermon. A cordial invitation is extended to the public.

CHARGED WITH LARCENY.—Ah Ung was arraigned in the police court yesterday charged with stealing a pair of boots and a number of pieces of glassware, and after stating in a remarkably 'round-about way that he was not ready for trial, had his case continued until to-day.

MEETING.—The guild of St. Stephens' chapel, as well as the Mite society, will meet on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the house of Mrs. J. W. Whalley, corner of West Park and Harrison street. A full attendance is requested.

"IT IS NOT YET IN SIGHT."—Every hour of every day OREGONIAN reporters are asked, "Where is the depot to be?" Sherman, in one of his countless, harsh sayings, a certain enquiry of his brother says: "The Spanish fleet cannot be seen, because it is not yet in sight."

And this is just about the situation with regard to the location of the great depot. But it may be expected by bearer in sight also at any time.

AGAIN IN PORT.—The successful navigator, Capt. Carr, his chief officer, Mr. Sanders, and skipper crew of as gay old men as ever hailed a sail, after five years absence in foreign parts, have again returned to Oregon with the ship Asher O. Wyer for another load of cereals for Europe. The vessel was visited each day by a large number, including many ladies, who congratulated the chief officer, who was in charge on the fine model and cleanliness of the craft.

NEW S.F. MACHINE.—J. M. C. Kalloch writes to THE OREGONIAN from New York that he has bought from Rankin's factory one of the finest lot machines in the world, which will be shipped this week. Jesse Cook, superintendent of the works, will come out to set up the machine. Mr. Kalloch expects to arrive home about March.

CASE CONTINUED.—The case of Henry Daley of assault with a dangerous weapon on W. H. Gray, on Taylor street, between First and Second, last Saturday, was brought up in the police court yesterday and on motion of the counsel for the defense was continued until to-day.

SELLING LIQUOR TO MINORS.—Tim Malloy was yesterday arrested on a charge of selling liquor to minors, and taken before Justice Davis, where he asked that the examination be postponed until Wednesday, and was released on his own recognizance.

LIFE SUNSENTENCED.—Lee Sun, the Chinaman convicted of grand larceny of a number of fine chickens and some farm implements, was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary by Judge Stott yesterday. He will be taken to-day.

BANK AT PENDLETON.—Articles were filed in the office of secretary of state yesterday, incorporating the Bank of Pendleton, with J. L. Sperry, Jesse Failing, J. F. Bean, S. Rothchild and P. Desparks as incorporators. Capital stock $100,000.

INCORPORATION.—Amendatory articles of incorporation were filed yesterday in the county clerk's office by the Astoria Packing Co. Capital stock, $7500, divided into 75 shares; incorporators, D. Morgan, Jr., L. C. Kinney and F. J. Taylor; duration, perpetual.

SUNDAY NIGHT'S SHOOTING.

A Statement of the Attack from a Witness—Reckless Firing From Angius' Pistol.

An OREGONIAN reporter yesterday talked with Capt. Schneider, proprietor of the saloon in which the shooting affray occurred Sunday evening. His statement differs slightly from what has already been given. He said that Arat was not knocked down by Angius, but by one of the latter's friends who entered with him. After Arat was prostrated Angius succeeded in freeing himself from Schneider, drew a revolver and began firing. The first shot struck Arat, who had by that time arisen, in the leg and he started to limp toward the front door, but seeing that Angius was shooting in that direction, turned to go out the back door, Angius firing wildly all the while. Arat succeeded in escaping through the back door, Angius following and firing the last shot which struck Arat in the arm. Schneider then got a piece of a billiard-cue which had been broken in the row, and struck Angius over the head, felling him to the floor. He also said that Arat was a frequent visitor at his place, and had always behaved well; while there, and that the attack made upon him was entirely unprovoked. When asked why he thought some one else struck Arat, he said that in the beginning of the row he held Angius, and saw another man beating Arat as he lay on the floor. He showed where three stray bullets had struck; one on the billiard table, one in the wall, and another in a cask. According to his statement the row was begun by one of Angius' friends. He does not know the name of the man who first hit Arat, but would know him face at sight. The last shot fired, which struck Arat in the arm, came so close to Schneider's head as to cause a stinging sensation which lasted through the night. One bullet passed through the coat of a bystander, striking a buckle and glancing off.

Arat was removed to St. Vincent's hospital about 4 o'clock yesterday morning. His right arm had been fractured several years ago, the bone being shattered and was stiff at the elbow. It is not probable that the limb can be saved from amputation. The wound in his leg is so near the femora artery that it is liable to give much trouble.

BRIEF MENTION.

Mr. J. Van Bourdon is seriously ill of pneumonia.

Hon. R. H. Tyson, of Washington county, is at the St. Charles.

The American ship Wilna will sail from New York for Portland about March 1.

Mr. L. O. Ralston, of Albany, arrived by the Columbia and left for home yesterday afternoon.

Mr. C. H. Meuschoffer was seized yesterday with an attack of vertigo and had several sinking spells.

The Ladies' Relief Society will meet this afternoon at 2 o'clock, in the basement of the Presbyterian church.

Mrs. John Campbell, of the Dalles, who suffered a broken leg here about six weeks ago, went home by yesterday's boat.

Mr. J. D. Holman, who has been confined to his bed for several weeks, is improving slowly and expected to be out soon.

There will be a stated meeting of Oregon lodge of Perfection No. 1 at Masonic Temple this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Mr. J. B. Ewing, principal of the Central school, East Portland, has been promoted to superintendent with an increase of salary.

Mr. Geo. Hardy, formerly in charge of the telegraph office at Albany, and a very efficient man, has been appointed receiver of the Western Union office here.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.

LIBRARY ROOM, Feb. 6.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I have to acknowledge the receipt of two bound volumes of THE OREGONIAN, the first dated from Feb. 4 to Aug. 3, 1880, and the second from Aug. 4, 1880 to Feb. 3, 1881, presented to the Library Association of Portland, by H. L. Pittock, Esq., completing the files of THE OREGONIAN now in the Library from the commencement of that paper to the date of the last mentioned volume received.

Yours respectfully, HENRY A. OXER.

NOTICE.

We thank the public for patronage bestowed on us thus far and respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, and call attention to the low rates our goods were sold at during the holidays. Arrangements lately made are such that we are enabled to maintain those rates, and we will guarantee to sell at lower prices than any establishment in our line on the coast. Our spring stock will shortly arrive, embracing all the latest novelties. We cordially invite the public to call and inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere. HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG, manufacturers and importers, diamonds, watches, jewelry, clocks, silverware, optical goods, etc.

Portland, Feb. 6, 1882.

Mr. J. D. Meyer, traveling agent for Feltenstein & Co., of San Francisco, is in the city with a new specialty in life time, the "Ta-Ta" cigar. He will leave for the country in a few days.

The largest and best selected stock of Valentines in Portland can be seen by calling at the popular music house of J. H. Robbins & Son, 229 First street.

Best coffee in city. Eastern and local oysters in any style. White cook in charge of cuisine. Open at night. Burrows', 89 Second street.

D. W. Prentice & Co., leading music dealers, theonly house in Portland that deal in musical merchandise exclusively. Largest stock of pianos, organs, sheet music and everything that pertains to the music business. Send your orders direct to us.

With a large experience here and elsewhere, Smith & Blumes, of the St. Charles restaurant, can and certainly do set for their patrons the best meals obtainable in the city. Indulge in a meal.

Fine oil paintings, engravings, chromos. Ornamental frames made and regilding done. Volney's, 153 Third St.

MUSIC.—Wiley B. Allen, 151 Third St. Orders filled. Send stamp for catalogue and Musical Journal.

Valentines, Valentines and *Masks*, at *New York Novelty Co's*, 49 *First street*.

Eastern Oysters every steamer at Keith'

Agents and canvassers wanted at *New York Novelty*, 49 First street, for fast selling articles.

Stop coughing. Get Hamburg burst tea drops and flaxseed honey squares at Postoffice candy store.

The happiest woman is she who has her sewing machine repaired by John Barbey, 32 Yamhill street.

The DAILY OREGONIAN is for sale at Gill's.

A fine second hand Piano, good as new, at 163 Third street. Must be sold at once.

SHEET MUSIC!!!

A complete stock of American and foreign publications at Simon Harris'. Usual discounts allowed to the trade and teachers. Catalogues mailed free.

BUSIEST HOUSE IN OREGON.

Rolled Gold Jewelry, Solid Gold Jewelry, The finest quality Diamonds, Parisian Diamonds, Silverware Specialties, etc., New York Jewelry Co., (Stowell's Palace) 163 First street.

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,

140 First, Portland, Or.

Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, SILVER WARE, CLOCKS, SPECTACLES, ETC.

Nautical Instruments and Ship Chronometers rated by transit observations and repaired.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY, SELL, OR BORROW money at low rates, go to Walter O'Brien, Pawnbroker, 26 Washington street. Personal dealing loans can safely leave their valuables with him, as he is reasonable. He is in trusted persons properly at all times. O'Brien is "Boss" Pawnbroker of Oregon, and don't you forget it.

FORMAL TRANSFER

Of the Pacific Coast Steamship Co's Property to the O. R. & N. Co.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.—The transfer of the Pacific Coast Steamship Co's property to the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company was formally made Saturday. From C. H. Prescott, who is stopping at the Palace Hotel, it is learned that while control had passed from the old firm, Perkins & Co., that firm would still retain the agency, and would also be given the agency of the Oregon company's steamship division, which has up to the present time been vested in Capt. Green-dorp, at 240 Sansome street. There will be few changes in the steamship company, either in its employes or in the time table. Prospects for the various enterprises of Mr. Prescott's company are most encouraging. That gentleman declares that Oregon presents a fine field for railroad improvements. A peculiar feature of the colonization of all officers of the Villard syndicate is that Goodall, Perkins & Co's will soon be issued.

DISASTROUS FIRE.

Junction City again meets with Serious Loss Berry's Hotel and other Buildings Destroyed.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

JUNCTION, Or., Feb. 6.—Fire broke out this morning in the rear of Berry's hotel, which was entirely destroyed, together with J. L. Williams' saloon, Berry's saddle and harness shop, and Cady's saloon. Berry's loss is $6,000, insured for $2,000, as follows: $500 in Hamburg and Bremen, Ocean companies, $1000 in Home, New York and $500 on furniture, etc. Williams' loss is $4000, fully insured in the Home Mutual, Hamburg and Bremen and Lion. Cady's loss is $1100, insured. McKillip & Williams lose $2000, insured, $1000. Wortman & Sons, general merchandizers, lose $800 by removal and breakage. H. Baker, groceries and provisions, is also damaged by removal, insured. The total loss foots up nearly $20,000. The origin of the fire is unknown but is supposed to have started from a defective flue.

WESTERN IDAHO NEWS.

Particulars of the Motel Fire at Sand Point... A Gambler Made to Disgorge, etc.

[BY LETTER CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OREGONIAN.]

VENTNOR, I. T., Feb. 2, 1882.

Last evening about 7:30 o'clock a fire was discovered in the north end of the hotel at Sand Point, before the alarm could be given or before the excited inmates and citizens knew the danger the frame building was wrapped in flames. Nothing of any value was saved; indeed, nothing could be saved. The building and hotel was the property of Mr. A. J. Weeks, and the loss falls very heavy on him. He estimates his loss at $7000, with no insurance. The origin of the fire is wrapped in mystery, the common opinion being that it was caused by a defective flue. Mr. Weeks was not at home at the time. Mr. C. B. Pond, wife and family of four only, occupied apartments in the house and had not been gone but a few minutes when the fire broke out. Their loss is estimated at $600; they losing all their wardrobe, household effects, jewelry and some $300 in currency, which was in one of the trunks. Mrs. Pond lost some valuable oil paintings, the work of her brother Mr. Parrott, of Portland. There were several lodgers at the hotel and all lost everything they possessed. One gentleman lost $200 in gold coin. Several lost watches. During the progress of the fire considerable excitement was caused by the report of several firearms. Some one caused a panic by stating the report was caused by giant powder, and that 100 pounds were still in the building. Through all the turmoil no one was hurt. Several buildings were in danger, but the heavy snows on the roofs prevented a general conflagration. Steps are being taken to rebuild the hotel.

Ventnor is growing beautifully smaller owing to the railroad hands being removed to Ellensport and further up the line. Dr. Littlefield's hospital is still here. It is full with patients. Saloons are about all gone.

At Ellensport some days ago a faro dealer, after winning some $250 was compelled at the muzzle of some 18 revolvers held by his victims to disgorge, which he did in short order, and then was ordered to get.

A week ago some Chinamen were stopped by several seamps at the landing at Sand Point and were relieved of $150, all they had. A pair of revolvers were the surettes.

A HIGH COMPLIMENT

For Mrs. Elizabeth W. Andrew, Dean of the Woman's College of the Willamette University.

Professor Ridpath, LL. D., author of Ridpath's History of the United States, and vice-president of Indiana Asbury University, writes the following testimonial in regard to Mrs. Andrew, dean of the Woman's college established at Salem about two years ago, in connection with the Willamette University. The college is in excellent hands and has already become one of the most important features of the university.

I have learned with unfeigned regard and pleasure that Mrs. Elizabeth W. Andrew, of our state, has been called to a responsible and honorable position in Willamette University, at Salem, Oregon. I say 'with regard,' because those who have known her and her good works can but feel a pang in her removal to a distant home. I say 'with pleasure,' because there is not one of her large circle of acquaintances in our state but will rejoice at her promotion and success.

The authorities of Willamette University are to be congratulated on the accession of Mrs. Andrew to their corps of instruction and management. She is a lady in every way fitted to fill the responsible place which she goes to occupy. She will bring sunshine, gladness, intelligence, scholarship and every christian grace to the institution which she enters; and I predict for her therein a career of unusual distinction and usefulness. I have had the honor of an acquaintance with Mrs. Andrew for almost twenty years, and speaking in the light of that acquaintance, I gladly and confidently commend her to the people of Oregon as one of the most zealous, talented and accomplished christian ladies whom I have ever known. Wherever she goes she will win her way, as she has done in our own state, to the hearts of the people; and her place in public affection will be held, as it has been won, by the power of modesty, the meekness of truth and the warmth of generous aspirations. May her future life be as full of usefulness and honor as her past has been radiant with the love and trust of her friends.

Respectfully, JOHN CLARK RIDPATH.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Signal service United States army. Division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of commerce and agriculture. Report for the last 24 hours. The following observations are taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named.

PORTLAND, Feb. 6, 1:57 P. M.

Place of Observation	Height of Barom.	Change last 3 Hours	Ther.	Wind Direc tion.	Rain fall in inches	Weather.
Portland	30.11	—.04	38	S	.00	Cloudy
Olympia	30.28	—.02	40	S	.01	14 Rain
Roseburg	30.45	—.03	33	Calm	.00	Clear
Red Bluff	30.39	.07	44	N	.00	Clear
Sacramento	30.28	.03	44	N	.00	Clear
Umatilla	30.46	..	30	E	.00	Clear

River 2 feet 10 inches above low water mark; fallen 2 inches.

Maximum temperature, 46.0 degrees; minimum temperature, 29.0 degrees.

I have just taken out of pledge some Winchester and Ballard rifles, and also some very fine breech-loading shotguns, to be sold for the amount loaned and interest, at Uncle Myers', 151 First street.

"Dottie, dear, do try and remember to call at Stone's for a package of that new candy. Mary says it's so nice." "I will, there's a darling."

Mrs. Dr. Owens, office over Pittsmiser's drug store. Diseases of women and the eye and ear specialties.

Fresh chewing creams and taffy, cocoanut ice cream apples, at Postoffice candy store, opp. P. O.

Have your clothes cleaned and dyed at the American steam dyeing and cleaning works, 10 Salmon St.

ACKNOWLEDGED

To be the best Pianos—Decker & Son. H. Sinshelmer, 129 First street, sole agent for the northwest coast; also for other pianos; also Mason & Hamlin Organs, which have the best reputation.

Go to Roth's for your oysters.

Pioneer Wood Yard foot of Morrison street. J. SORENSEN.

HAIR CUTTING.

Thirds of the finest workmen in the state are at Ferguson's hair cutting headquarters, 30 Stark street.

OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, SUITS, ETC.

We offer an Immense Stock of

WINTER CLOTHING

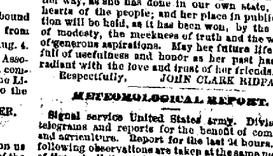
AT

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

J. KOHN'S CLOTHING PALACE,

Cor. First and Morrison Sts.



All modern improvements. Restaurant the best in the city. Open all day.

F. H. BRENNER, Prop'r.

A DISSENTING OPINION.

PORTLAND, Feb. 6.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN.

Permit me to register a dissent from the "clean bill," to which your editorial of Friday morning referred as now lying with appropriation at Washington and in states where the school funds are small. For one, I cannot approve any measure which creates even by implication to control the liquor traffic or the money paid the government for its sufferance, with the education of the people who are cursed by it. The cause of education should rest upon its own merits, and draw from the public treasury directly, for all needed funds. I should favor a law devoting the proceeds of the liquor tax to permanently the widows and orphans of drunkards, or for establishing local rate systems, or for paying the cost of arrests and convictions, jails and public instance since there is a signific and moral relation between these things and the drinking habit, and the public cannot be benefited derive an education from the acts and such statistics. But Lucien's bill, making the support of schools dependent upon the income of the liquor traffic, is an argument into every drinker and drunkard in a month, who help build up our glorious educational system. It is such laws (and the system is the principle of licensing it all) which gradually sophisticate the conscience of society and teach men who are otherwise good, to connive and compromise with loving evils. Whatever may be the weight of prohibitory laws, and the expediency of enforcing them, one at least have this merit, that they press upon the public conscience with emotional power, and even the partial failure to enforce them is an argument not as many would fain, in favor of the traffic, but an argument to show an all how much good, for conscience and compromising

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 7, 1882.

A SALEM LETTER.

SALEM, Feb. 4.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

My visits to Salem are not so seldom as to cause me to notice very marked improvements in the town. Yet I see each time that it is making progress, as I have a healthy growth. Now and then new buildings are noticed, white paint and repair keep most of the older ones looking tidy and attractive. More people are noticed on the street than in years agone, and business is manifestly increasing. I have visited the new insane asylum and am surprised at the magnitude of the building and the excellence of its construction; I should say it was one of the best brick buildings in the state. It is designed for four hundred patients, and is expected to be ready to receive them by the close of this year. But a small force is now being employed upon the building, and that mostly convicts. Your morning contemporary has made frequent complaint of the employment of convicts upon this work, and demands that the next legislature shall forbid it. It is estimated a saving of nearly one-half has so far been made by the use of convicts on this work—say $20,000, up to this time. The *Standard* would have the convicts fed, clothed and guarded in idleness, and taxpayers made to go down in their pockets for the legislature, together with nearly as much more before the building is completed. Let any brilliant disciple of this doctrine run for the legislature upon it. There is not a county in the state where one could come near being elected, while there are some in which he would not get a vote. Take out three or four of the larger towns, where idle fellows most do congregate, and the vote of the candidate of the taxed citizen and idle convict would not anywhere rise above "scattering."

I am informed by the commissioners that upon the arrival by the next steamer of Mr. Boothby, the architect, who has been spending the winter in Oakland, California, for his health, active operations will be resumed and the building carried to completion. It exceeds in dimensions that contemplated by the legislature, and yet I hear from the commissioners that its cost will not much, if any, exceed the $100,000 appropriated to its erection, exclusive of convict labor. This is a different showing from the past. Under the system the state house and penitentiary were built three times that sum would have been consumed.

As the state is in the future to keep the insane, new legislation will be necessary. All there now in on the subject looks to their care by contractors, and if past reports are correct, is mainly in their interest. Efforts have from time to time been made to relieve the state from the unnecessary numbers of mildly insane in that institution, but contractors, with interests adverse to those of the state, have prevented their success. With the abandonment of the contract system will come the withdrawal of the contractors' lobby, and there now ought to be little difficulty in procuring some wise legislation in the interest of the state by which the expense of keeping the insane shall be largely reduced. Mr. A. S. Watt, of Washington, represented that county in the legislature a few years ago, and made strenuous efforts to improve the insane laws, but was defeated by the counter efforts of the contractors' lobby. Consequently he understands the subject well—better than many men in the state; and if he will consent to return and again give it his undivided attention (and he ought to), Washington county cannot so well subserve the interests of the state as by sending him to the legislature this year. It makes little difference to the county or the state who is his preference for U. S. senator, or whether he has any, but it is of great interest to both county and state that the change in the mode of keeping our insane shall be intelligently entered upon. The success of the asylum will, too, depend much on the managing officers of the same. The idea that the superintendent must be a physician seems to have been inculcated to some extent. It is not necessarily so. Whether he is or is not, there will be a physician to the asylum (and if there are two required one should be a woman), and it is not important that the superintendent shall be one. It is, however, important that he shall be a good business manager, which many physicians are not. An institution with some hundreds of boarders needs a keen business oversight, while the regular asylum doctor or doctors are all that is needed of that profession. Dr. Hawthorne was a good manager, and he conducted the business of the establishment well and made much money. He was never its physician, however, and would have filled his place quite as well if he had never been a doctor. A doctor as superintendent is neither objectionable (if he possesses the business qualities) or important; but it is important that that officer shall be able to manage the business of such an institution well.

There is more activity in political circles here than in any part of the state in which I have been. The republicans say that the postoffice here is plotting to control the county convention and secure a legislative ticket for Mitchell. It is also said that the Portland postoffice comes to its assistance in the northern end of the county, and, although Mitchell has few real supporters in the county, they may set up a ticket for him, and owing to the large republican majority here, elect it. However, the postoffice scheme meets with determined opposition from the better class of republicans, and may prove abortive. It is to be hoped it will. The democrats here appear to be in a quiescent state, except the sneak beneficiaries of the last state administration, who, having had no treasury pickings for nearly four years, are getting desperately hungry and dry. They made an attempt at the last session of the legislature to recover possession of the patronage of the penitentiary, but were unsuccessful, and now are waiving the effort in an endeavor to bring forward ex-Judge Bonham as a candidate for governor. If proceeds from the local feeders at the public crib during the flush times of the late administration, and it could succeed, would restore them to their old pickings. The scheme is not a very promising one—not much more so than the one attempted with the legislature. The state is republican, and the chances for democratic success at best will be very slim—none at all unless the republicans present a weak ticket. The Bonham candidacy would not be strong at best, and brought forward by and freighted with the leeches of the old administration as it would be, it would ignominiously fail at the polls. It is not likely the democratic convention can be led into such a trap. There is a too vivid remembrance of the extravagance and corruption of that era in the minds of the people to permit any restorationist to come into office. However the convention may be composed, it will be aware of the facts, and of the other fact that their candidate to stand a possible chance of election must by a man of more than very moderate abilities, and so far as compatibly with the late administration or its strikers is concerned, like Cæsar's wife, above suspicion. At the same time it is not impossible the convention of that party may be controlled by influences neglectful of the sharp retrenchments and reform the present state administration has enforced, and may give the go-by to Gov. Thayer's administration.

The republicans are likely to renominate their portion of the administration, Secretary Earheart and Treasurer Hirsch, and go before the people "pointing with pride" to the record this administration has made, and comparing it with that of its democratic predecessor. It is claimed they will be able to show that this administration has made a saving of nearly $100,000 a year in the expense of the state and the care of the various funds, not to take into the account the consequent improvement of the moral tone and character of the state by the restoration of honesty and economy. It will be embarrassing to the democratic voters to have it shown also that their convention by its nominations and action, practically disapproved of this work—or at the very least did not affirmatively endorse it. Such facts would tell decisively at the polls. The mass of the people of all parties endorse the financial management of this administration and as they become better informed of its results it will receive the support of every honest man in the state. Such as wish to get their hands into the treasury may pack primaries and conventions, but the voters will undo their work at the polls.

I have heard the names of Mayor Thompson, Col. Thomas Cornelius, W. D. Hare, ex-Speaker Moody, Gen. Odell and C. C. Beckman, or, as his friends familiarly call him, "Dick," favorably spoken of for governor by republicans in different parts of the state. A wise selection could be made from that list, while it would be hard to go astray. In Jacksonville I heard Judge Shattuck warmly urged for the office by democrats; and it must be confessed he would be no second-rate candidate. Governor Thayer, ex-Senator Nesmith and E. B. Cochran also have friends for that office in the valleys of Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue river.

Among republicans I have heard of no candidate for congress except the present incumbent, who it is understood would like to run again. It is said A. J. Lawrence of Baker City and G. K. Shiel of Salem are aspirants for the democratic nomination, but it is not likely either will have any support in the convention or be seriously mentioned.

RAMBLER.

THE NORTHWEST.

Washington Territory.

The measles prevail to such an extent among the juveniles of Seattle that the public schools are in a measure depopulated.

The Dayton woolen mills are idle. It has been repeatedly demonstrated that the factory will pay when properly managed. Citizens who are anxious for the prosperity of the town chafe at the continued inactivity of this business, seeing in it a deterrent to the establishment of other industries.

Plans and specifications for a public school building have been prepared for the Seattle school directors. It is to be 78x120 feet, two stories high, with brick basement 10 feet in the clear. From the ground to the top the building will be 150 feet. It will cost when finished something over $20,000.

A southern paper thus rubs it in: Some people will never get through asking foolish questions. A New York paper asks: "Was Grant surprised at Shiloh?" We don't know how it was at Shiloh, but Grant was very much surprised at Chicago. He was more than surprised. He was shocked.

San Francisco Markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.—Wheat—Quiet; No. 1, $1 67½@1 70; No. 2, $1 62½@1 65.

Barley—Rising; feed, $1 70@1 75; brewing, $1 77½@1 82½; chevalier, $1 70@1 75.

Oats—Firm; fair to choice, $1 75 to $1 85; surprise, $1 87½.

Corn—Nominal at $1 85.

Hay—Higher, owing to dry weather; wheat, $17; wild oat, $15@16; stock, $17@18; stable, $13@14.

Potatoes—Firm; Humboldt reds, $1 75@1 90; peach blows, $1 75@1 90; Petalumas, $1 75@1 85; early rose, $1 75@1 80.

Chicago Wheat Market.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—Wheat stronger, $1 30¼ cash; $1 31¾ March.

London Stock Quotations.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—Consols, 99 13-16@100⅛; four per cent. bonds, 130½; five extended, 103⅝.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.—Sterling exchange on London bankers, 60 days, 4 84½; 4 86; on documentary, $4 83.

Transfers—Par to 5.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Sterling exchange, prime bankers', long, 4 85; short, 4 88½. Government bonds active, firm; 1881's, 104¾; lower; 6's, 103½. Currency 6's, 102½ bid. Silver bullion, fine; fine bar silver, 111—. U. S. Bonds—4½'s, 116—; 4's, 119½; 3's, 101½. Sterling exchange, 4 85 @ 4 87½. Silver—Bars, fine, 111; standard, 92⅝ fine, per fine ounce.

Cincinnati—99 Hocking Valley 6's 16 January, 103—; 6's 1900's no account.

U. S. Bonds—6's, 129—; 4½'s, 116—; 4's, 120—.

New York Stock Quotations.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Silver bars 111—, no new 90's per dollar; government, steady; stocks, firm and higher; W. U. 93½; Quicksilver, 12; Pacific, 41½; Maripesa, 14; Wells, Fargo & Co., 117; N. Y. C. 141; Erie, 33½; Pacific, 105; U. P., 118½; Boston, 104½; Sutr—.

MONDAY, Feb. 6.

The wheat Market is to-day at $1 or per central.

The Vesuvius was chartered on Saturday at 5 sale equivalent to 9.9c. F. B.

Gold and Stock Reports.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING EXCHANGE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.

Receipts—Wheat, 26,400 ctls; flour, 16,800 qr sks; potatoes, 1,800 sks; sugar, 72,000 lbs.

Wheat—The market is quiet but firm. Sale of 200 tons No. 1 shipping, ctls at $1 67½; No. 1 shipping, new, $1 70.

Flour—The demand is fair with an improved feeling. Walla Walla standard grands quotable at $4 70 on wharf.

Barley—Market is strong but not quotably higher. Sales of good coast feed, $1 75; coast chevalier, $1 72½.

Oats—The demand is fair. Sales of good Oregon and Washington Territory feed, $1 80. We quote the market the same as before.

Corn—Offerings are small, prices consequently steadily favor the seller. A sale is reported made at $2 20 for small white from warehouse.

Potatoes—The market is not so weak. Offerings smaller; Oregon mixed sold lately at $1 60; quote Garnet Chili, $1 50@1 60.

Hides—No change to note in quotations.

Eggs—Market is steady at an advance; fresh California 26@27 ½c.

Butter—Market firm with a good demand; fresh roll, 23@31c.

CHARTERS.

Steady and quiet; 45s asked for wood to Liverpool, Havre or Antwerp.

CHARTERED.

To Cork, U. K., Havre or Antwerp, Br ship Vice Reine, 1466 tons, private.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6

Wheat—$1 31¾.
Pork—$18 05.
Lard—$11 45.
Ribs—$9 47½. All March.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.

Wheat—Market dull; 1 @6@1 40.
Flour—Dull.
Wool—Steady; 15@24c, fall; 12@14c, fall burry; 20@34c, spring; 15 @ 18c, spring burry; pulled, 20@45c.
Hides—Steady; 22@23½c.

SEYMOUR'S ENGLISH REPORTS.

LONDON, Feb. 6.

Floating cargoes—Firm.
Cargoes on passage—Slow.
No. 2 red winter prompt shipment—52s.
Good shipping California just shipped, or prompt-ly to be shipped, 49s 6d; nearly due, 50s 6d.
English and French country markets—Firm, quiet.
Farmers deliveries during the week, wheat, 60,000 qrs.
Liverpool spot—Quiet but steady.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.—Arrived—Sunday—Bkn Modoc, Seabuck; str Colfax, Panama; Am ship State of Maine, Valparaiso; Br ship Dunmore, Cardiff.

Monday—Str City of Peking, Hongkong; Am ship Rose S. Bispham, Liverpool; Am ship Tacoma, New York.

Sailed—Saturday—Br ship Mary Tatham, Hongkong; Br ship Romsdal, Cork, f. o.; Br ship Golden Gate, Liverpool; Br ship Cumbrian Monarch, Cork, f. o.; Am ship J. H. Thompson, Cork, f. o.

Sunday—Str Walla Walla, Seattle; schr Jas. A. Garfield, Portland; bk Tidal Wave, Port Madison; Br bk Ardrey, Cork, f. o.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 3.—Arrived—Am ship Palmyra, Portland, Sept. 22. 4th—Br bk Claramara, Portland, Oct. 11.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Cleared—Am ship J. W. Marr, Portland.

The Am ship Ida Lilly, Philadelphia to Tacoma, before reported at Demerara, put into St. Thomas 6th inst.; damage is serious.

Port of Astoria.

Feb. 6.—Arrived from Portland—Cutlicheud, in tow of the Wonder; Ullock, in tow of Clara Parker, Jennie Landles, in tow of the Allen.

Left for Portland—Sir Launcelot, in tow of Wonder.

Weather—Raining; wind S. W.

Port of Portland.

Entered—Am ship Levi G. Burgess, 1617 tons, Starratt, master, with 7991 bags railroad iron.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK MARKET

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 6.

MORNING BOARD.

40 Ophir	2.37½	Alpha	1.—
Belcher	1.—	Bullion	30
100 Mexican	1.—	S Rel Lor	1.—
150 G & C	1.—	Overman	1.—
150 B & B	1.—	Potosi	1.—
100 Con	1.—	Justice	1.—
100 Savage	1.—	Union	1.—
200 Con Va	7.—	Challenge	1.—
100 Con Jar	1.—	Hale & Norc	1.—
Sales	regular call	Andes	1.—
100 Belcher	1.—	Sierra Nev	1.—
100 Hale & Norc	1.—	Scorpion	1.—
100 Con Jar	1.—	Bullion	1.—
100 Alpha	1.—	Belcher	1.—
100 Con Va	1.—	Capital	1.—
100 Con Jar	1.—	Con Va	2.10
Sales	regular call	Bullion	1.—

AFTERNOON BOARD.

100 Belcher	1.—	50 Wales	1.—
100 Crown Point	1.—	100 M Wells	1.—
100 Con Va	7.—	100 Hard Cash	1.—
100 Alpha	1.—	50 Bullion	1.—
100 Payday	1.—	25 N Belle	1.10
100 Belle	1.—	100 Justice	1.—
100 Mono	1.—	100 Con Va	7.—
100 Trojan	1.—	100 Goodshaw	1.—
50 Addenda	1.—	100 Boston	1.—
100 Syndicate	1.—	50 Eureka	1.—

TWO ORGANS.

Regulate first the stomach, second the liver; especially the first, so as to perform their functions properly and you will remove at least nine-tenths of all the ills that mankind is heir to, in this or any other climate. They alone is the only thing that will give perfectly healthy natural action to these two organs.—*Maine Farmer.*

SUCCESS

TRADE MARK.

THE GREAT

WARNER'S

FOR

KIDNEY, LIVER AND URINARY DISEASES.

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a *safe, sure, and cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

DIRECTIONS IN ELEVEN LANGUAGES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO.,
Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

BANKS.

BANK OF OREGON,
46 First Street, Portland.

MAKES LOANS ON FIRST MORTGAGES OVER Improved Farm Lands and Portland City Properties, in sums of five hundred dollars and upwards; also on State, County and City Bonds and Warrants. Rate of interest nine per cent per annum.

Deposits received and interest allowed thereon at the rate of

3 per cent per annum on 3 months' deposits
4½ per cent per annum on 6 months' deposits
5 per cent per annum on 9 months' deposits
6 per cent per annum on 12 months' deposits

decl6dw ROBERT BELL, Prest.

D. P. THOMPSON, Pres't. | J. W. BRAZEE, Cashier. | W. V. SPENCER Ass't Cashier.

The Portland Savings Bank
OF PORTLAND, OREGON,
PAYS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

RATES—Three per cent. per annum on deposits for three months; four per cent. per annum on deposits for six months; six per cent. per annum on deposits for twelve months.

Directors: D. P. Thompson, J. W. Brazee, Frank Dekum, J. N. Dolph, S. Hexter, S. G. Skidmore, Geo. W. Weidler, M. S. Burrell, S. Hirsch, Wm. Barnum, H. W. Corbett, Geo. W. Vosburg, E. S. Rearney, H. W. Wade

Union Block, Corner Second and Stark sts.

LADD & TILTON, BANKERS.

Deposits Received in Coin and Currency.

COLLECTIONS MADE ON ALL POINTS.

BUY AND SELL EXCHANGE
ON
SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, WASHINGTON, D. C. LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-MAIN, And HONG KONG

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Paid Up Capital.....£ 2,000,000
With power to increase to.... 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE...26 Cornhill, London.
BRANCHES.....Victoria, B. C. San Francisco & Portland.

AGENTS:

NEW YORK.....
CHICAGO.....
CANADA.....
MEXICO AND SOUTH AMERICA.....
IRELAND.....
SCOTLAND.....
ENGLAND.....
LIVERPOOL.....

Bank of Montreal
London Bank of Mexico and South America.
Bank of Ireland.
British Linen Company.
National Provincial Bank of England.
Bank of Liverpool.
North & South Wales Bank.

This Bank transacts a General Banking business. Deposits received on current account, subject to check.

Approved Bills discounted. Loans made on available security. Collections made promptly.

Exchange sold on London, Liverpool and on the principal Towns and cities in Ireland and Scotland from £1 upwards. Also on all places in Canada in sums to suit. Coin and Currency Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on New York and Chicago.

Commercial Credits granted, available in Europe, New York, China, Japan, South America, Australia and New Zealand.

FRED'K TOWNSEND, Manager.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID UP CAPITAL.....$5,000,000.

Head Office, London, England.

Branches in the Dominion of Canada:
Stamford, Kingston, Fredericton, N. B.
Quebec, Brantford, St. John, N. B.
Toronto, London, Halifax,
Hamilton, Ottawa, Victoria, B. C.

In the United States:
New York, Chicago, San Francisco, Portland, Or.

AGENTS:
SCOTLAND—National Bank of Scotland.
Commercial Bank of Scotland.
IRELAND—Provincial Bank, Ireland.
National Bank of Ireland.
ENGLAND—National Provincial Bank of England.
LIVERPOOL—Bank of Liverpool.
PARIS, FRANCE—Marcuard, Andre & Cie.

Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers bought and sold. Bills encashed and collected. Loans made. Moneys received on special deposit or on current account, subject to check. Commercial Credits granted and a General Banking business transacted.

J. GRUNFELDT, Agent.

MORTGAGE SAVINGS BANK,
OF OREGON.
46 First Street, Portland.

INTEREST ALLOWED DEPOSITORS:
Four months 4 per cent.
Six months 5 "
Nine months 5 "
One year..... 6 "

INTEREST CHARGED ON LOANS:
NINE PER CENT.

The undersigned has loaned over FIVE MILLIONS OF DOLLARS since 1874, on Farms and City Properties, and guarantees all loans payable within this State.

WILLIAM REID, Managing Director.

GRAND BONA FIDE
Clearance Sale.
AT
Kerron & Macbeth's

Will Commence Wednesday, Feb. 1st.

Having finished our annual inventory, we find our stock much larger than anticipated, and have resolved to reduce the same; and in order to effect a speedy clearance, we will offer

OUR ENTIRE STOCK FOR THIRTY DAYS AT COST PRICES.

We will convince the most skeptical, by examining our prices, that we mean business, as our stock is well assorted in every department. We would call special attention to this sale of General Merchandise, consisting of

DRY GOODS, STAPLE AND FANCY,
MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
GENTS' HATS AND FURNISHING GOODS,
BOOTS AND SHOES, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

1000 REMNANTS AT 30 PER CENT BELOW COST.

KERRON & MACBETH,
173 AND 175 SECOND STREET, PORTLAND, OR.

Established 1858.

R. SHERLOCK, SUCCESSOR TO
R. SHERLOCK,
Manufacturer and Importer of
Saddles, Harness & Saddlery Hardware
Also, a Complete Assortment of
HEAVY CALIFORNIA TREES
For Stock and Fancy Saddles
N. E. cor. Front and Oak Sts.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Agent for Knights' Patent Driver Bridoon & Hickory Whip Stocks.

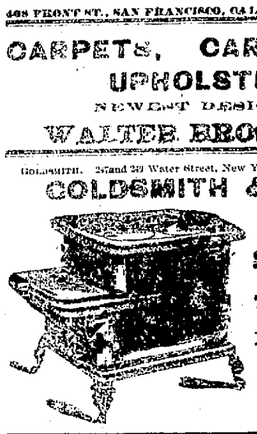
Engines and Boilers
FOR SALE.
INQUIRE OF
SMITH BROS. & MATSON'S IRON WORKS
PORTLAND, OREGON.

E. KARTIN & CO.
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS,
AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED
MILTON J. HARDY OLD BOURBON & PURE OLD RYE WHISKIES
AND THE
ARGONAUT BRANDS OF WHISKIES,
408 FRONT ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. 128 & 130 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, OR.

CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS!
UPHOLSTERY GOODS.
NEWEST DESIGNS AND COLORS
WALTER BROS., 85 First Street

GOLDSMITH, 24 and 26 Water Street, New York. J. LOEWENBERG, Portland.

GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG,
24 and 26 FRONT ST.
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN



Stoves, Ranges, Metals
LEAD AND IRON PIPE,
Tinmen and Plumber's Stock.
HYDRAULIC RAMS, INDIA RUBBER HOSE,
House-Furnishing Hardware.
FORCE & LIFT PUMPS,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
Oregon Stove Foundry.

LIVERY AND RACK STABLES.

HENRY DOYLE & CO
511 Market St., San Francisco,
SOLE AGENS FOR
Barbour's Irish Flax Thread,
Barbour's Salmon Net Twines,
Passaic Flax Mills Bag Twines,
Macrame Lace Threads,
Clark's "O.N.T." Spool Cotton,
Milward's Helix Needles,
Milward's Fish Hooks,
Am. Needle and Fish Hook Co's Hooks, Fish Nets, Seines and Twines, Cotton Gill-Net Lines, Flax Twines, etc.;
Field's Tacks, Nails and Eyelets.

State Treasurer's Eighteenth Notice.

OFFICE OF STATE TREASURER,
SALEM, Feb. 1, 1882.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE FOLLOWING warrants, directed and classified as hereinafter specified, will be paid upon presentation at this office, and interest on the same will not be allowed after the date of this notice:

ASYLUM BUILDING WARRANTS.

No.	30,	1164,	1165,	1178,	1179,	1675,	1676,	1677,	1678, 1679,
1170,	71	79,	1182,	1183,	1184,	1185,	1186,	1744,	1745, 1746,
1259,	72;	97,	1260,	1240,	1241,	1242,	1243,	1244,	1245, 1246,
1247,	48;	90,	1301,	1302,	1303,	1304,	1305,	1306,	1307, 1308,
1309,	10;	11,	1312,	1313,	1314,	1315,	1316,	1317,	1318, 1319,
1321,	02;	25,	1326,	1363.					

GENERAL WARRANTS numbered—1360, 1405, 1414, 1434, 1440, 1471, 1472, 1487, 1488, 1489, 1490, 1491, 1492, 1493, 1494, 1495, 1496, 1497, 1498, 1499, 1500, 1501, 1502, 1503, 1504, 1505, 1506, 1507, 1508, 1509, 1510, 1511, 1512, 1513, 1514, 1515, 1516, 1517, 1518, 1519, 1520, 1521, 1522, 1523, 1524, 1525, 1526, 1527, 1528, 1529, 1530, 1531, 1532, 1533, 1534, 1535, 1536, 1537, 1538, 1539, 1540, 1541, 1542, 1543, 1544, 1545, 1546, 1547, 1548, 1549, 1550, 1551, 1552, 1553, 1554, 1555, 1556, 1557, 1558, 1559, 1560, 1561, 1562, 1563, 1564, 1565, 1566, 1567, 1568, 1569, 1570, 1571, 1572, 1573, 1574, 1575, 1576, 1577, 1578, 1579, 1580, 1581, 1582, 1583, 1584, 1585, 1586, 1587, 1588, 1589, 1590, 1591, 1592, 1593, 1594, 1595, 1596, 1597, 1598, 1599, 1600, 1601, 1602, 1603, 1604, 1605, 1606, 1607, 1608, 1609, 1610, 1611, 1612, 1613, 1614, 1615, 1616, 1617, 1618, 1619, 1620, 1621, 1622, 1623, 1624, 1625, 1626, 1627, 1628, 1629, 1630, 1631, 1632, 1633, 1634, 1635, 1636, 1637, 1638, 1639, 1640, 1641, 1642, 1643, 1644, 1645, 1646, 1647, 1648, 1649, 1650, 1651, 1652, 1653, 1654, 1655, 1656, 1657, 1658, 1659, 1660, 1661, 1662, 1663, 1664, 1665, 1666, 1667, 1668, 1669, 1670, 1671, 1672, 1673, 1674, 1675, 1676, 1677, 1678, 1679, 1680, 1681, 1682, 1683, 1684, 1685, 1686, 1687, 1688, 1689, 1690, 1691, 1692, 1693, 1694, 1695, 1696, 1697, 1698, 1699, 1700, 1701, 1702, 1703, 1704, 1705, 1706, 1707, 1708, 1709, 1710, 1711, 1712, 1713, 1714, 1715, 1716, 1717, 1718, 1719, 1720, 1721, 1722, 1723, 1724, 1725, 1726, 1727, 1728, 1729, 1730, 1731, 1732, 1733, 1734, 1735, 1736, 1737, 1738, 1739, 1740, 1741, 1742, 1743, 1744, 1745, 1746, 1747, 1748, 1749, 1750, 1751, 1752, 1753, 1754, 1755, 1756, 1757, 1758, 1759, 1760, 1761, 1762, 1763, 1764, 1765, 1766, 1767, 1768, 1769, 1770, 1771, 1772, 1773, 1774, 1775, 1776, 1777, 1778, 1779, 1780, 1781, 1782, 1783, 1784, 1785, 1786, 1787, 1788, 1789, 1790, 1791, 1792, 1793, 1794, 1795, 1796, 1797, 1798, 1799, 1800, 1801, 1802, 1803, 1804, 1805, 1806, 1807, 1808, 1809, 1810.

EDWARD HIRSCH, State Treasurer.

Feb. 1, 1882. [1st]

J. O'CONNOR,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES AND PRODUCE,
Ship Stores, Garden and Grass Seeds,
Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
Corner Front and Washington Streets.

STARTLING DISCOVERY!
LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, Box 3, Bloomfield, New Jersey.

TRENKMAN & WOLFF,
MACHINISTS,
Corner F and Third Streets.
Horizontal, Boors, Railings, Iron Shutters and Sash, Sheet Iron Work of all descriptions. Planing and Moulding Tools to order.

RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

Oregon Railway and Navigation Company.

OCEAN DIVISION.

Between San Francisco and Portland.

LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO at 10 A. M.				LEAVE PORTLAND at 12 M (Midnight).			
Dates.	Steamers.	Dates.	Steamers.	Dates.	Steamers.	Dates.	Steamers.
Jan. 4	Columbia	Jan. 16	State	Jan. 7	Columbia	Jan. 19	State
Jan. 12	State	Jan. 24	Geo. W. Elder	Jan. 15	Geo. W. Elder	Jan. 27	Columbia
Feb. 2	Geo. W. Elder	Feb. 13	Columbia	Feb. 4	State	Feb. 16	Geo. W. Elder
Feb. 10	State	Feb. 22	Geo. W. Elder	Feb. 12	Columbia	Feb. 24	State
Feb. 28	Columbia	Mar. 12	State	Feb. 24	Geo. W. Elder	Mar. 8	Columbia
Mar. 10	State	Mar. 24	Geo. W. Elder	Mar. 8	State	Mar. 20	Geo. W. Elder
Mar. 20	Mar. 28	Mar. 28	Columbia	Mar. 20	Mar. 28	Mar. 31	State

Through Tickets to all principal points in the United States and Canada.

RIVER AND RAIL DIVISIONS.

Columbia, Willamette and Yamhill Rivers

NOVEMBER 20, 1881.

Leave Portland for	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
Dayton, Walla Walla, Umatilla and upper Columbia	7 A.M.		7 A.M.	7 A.M.	7 A.M.	7 A.M.
Corvallis, Yaquina, Tacoma, Seattle	5 A.M.	5 A.M.	5 A.M.	5 A.M.	6 A.M.	5 A.M.
Wasco, New Westchester (Yamhill), Mary's River, Yaquina Bay	5 A.M.		6 A.M.		6 A.M.	
Salem, Independence, Albany, Corvallis, Harrisburg, and intermediate points on Willamette river.		6 A.M.		6 A.M.		6 A.M.
Lafayette, Dayton, Yamhill, Sheridan		7 A.M.		7 A.M.		7 A.M.
Oswego, Lake Oswego, Tualatin, Gaston, Forest Grove, Hillsboro, Banks, Buxton, Cornelius, Greenville, Timber, Mist, Clatskanie, Rainier, Kalama, Goble, Kelso, Longview, Monticello, Cathlamet, Skamokawa, Cowlitz, Grays River, Chinook, Ilwaco, Shoalwater Bay, Gray's Harbor, Willapa Harbor, Tillamook, Nehalem, Nestucca, Salmon River, Siletz, Yaquina, Alsea, Waldport, Umpqua, Coos Bay, Coquille, Port Orford, Gold Beach, Crescent City, Trinidad, Arcata, Eureka, Humboldt, Fort Bragg, Mendocino, Point Arena, Navarro, Albion, Little River, Caspar, Ukiah, Cahto, Covelo, Round Valley, Laytonville, Cummings, Harris, Scotia, Dyerville, Alton, Rio Dell, Eel River, Hydesville, Carlotta, Ferndale, Petrolia, Capetown, Shelter Cove, Mattole, Bear River, Upper Mattole, Honeydew, Cape Mendocino, Shipping Points.	6 A.M.		6 A.M.		6 A.M.	

NARROW GAUGE DIVISION.

EAST SIDE DIVISION.

BETWEEN PORTLAND AND BROWNSVILLE via O. & C. R. R. to Woodburn.

MONDAY, DEC. 12, 1881.

Trains for Brownsville leave Portland at 7:30 A. M. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland.....7:30 A. M.	Brownsville.....3:17 P. M.
Brownsville.....8:30 A. M.	Portland.....4:55 P. M.

Trains for Portland leave Brownsville at 8:30 A. M. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

WEST SIDE DIVISION.

FT. PORTLAND, SHERIDAN AND AIRLIE via O. & C. R. R. to Whites.

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland.....8:45 A. M.	Airlie.....1:25 P. M.
Sheridan.....9:35 A. M.	Sheridan.....1:20 P. M.
Airlie.....7:00 A. M.	Portland.....3:20 P. M.

FREIGHT

For all points on Narrow Gauge Division will be received and forwarded by the O. & C. R. R., East and West Side Divisions, respectively.

C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager.

General Offices—Cor. Front and D Streets.

I. McCRAKEN & CO., Ass'ts State of California.
A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket Agent O. R. & N. Co.
JOHN MUIR, Superintendent of Traffic.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

For Yaquina Bay and Return, Direct.

THE A 1 NEW STEAMER

YAQUINA

WILL SAIL FOR NEWPORT, ONEATTA, TOLEDO, Yaquina Bay

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11th.

Sailing day for next trip

SATURDAY, APRIL 1st.

Office and landing Pacific Dock, foot of Salmon st.
Z. J. HATCH, Agent.

FOR ASTORIA—FAST TIME.

THE C. T. COMPANY'S NEW STEAMER

FLEETWOOD,

Which has been thoroughly refitted for the comfort of passengers, will leave the foot of Morrison street on Saturday, Jan. 28, and on each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday thereafter, at 6 A.M., carrying passengers, and arriving at Astoria at 1:30 P.M. Returning, leaves Astoria on each Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A.M., arrives at Portland at 2 P.M. Passengers by this route connect at Kalama for Seattle, Tacoma and Puget Sound points.

C. A. MANN, Secretary. C. H. SCOTT, President.
jy21tf

People's Transportation Co.

STEAMER WASHINGTON,

CAPTAIN J. H. BURGY, will leave Portland at 2:30 P. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted. For freight and passage apply on board, foot of Morrison street.

Leaves Portland at 2:30 P. M.
Leaves Vancouver at 8 A. M.

Independent Freight & Passenger Steamer

A. A. McCULLY,

J. B. SANBURN.....Master

Will leave Portland

For Wheatland, Lheon, Salem, Polk, Independence, Fairview, Buena Vista, Albany, Corvallis, Harrisburg, and all intermediate points on Willamette river.

Office and landing, Pacific Dock.
Z. J. HATCH, Agent, 220 Front street.

Vancouver Transportation Co.

STEAMER LURLINE or VANCOUVER, CAPT. JAS. T. GRAY, leaves Portland at 7 A. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted. For freight or passage apply on board, at foot of Yamhill street, Northrup & Thompson's dock.

TOWING between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

SHIPPING UP FOR PORTLAND.

Sutton & Co's Dispatch Line
For Portland, Oregon.

THE A1 FIRST CLASS SHIP

J. W. SPENCER

Will follow the "Elwell" quick dispatch,

FROM NEW YORK FOR PORTLAND

As the balance of disengaged room is limited, shippers will oblige by making their engagements immediately.

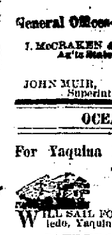
SUTTON & CO.,
82 South St., New York.
ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents, Portland, Or.

FOR PORTLAND.

The Schooner

JAMES A. GARFIELD

Will have quick dispatch for Portland. For Freight apply to SIMPSON BROS. & Co., 41 Market St., San Francisco.
jy21dtf



Established 1849.

J. B. CONGLE & CO.,

Manufacturers and Importers of

Saddles, Harness, Bridles, Saddlery Hardware, etc.

198 and 110 Front st., S. F.

Good assortment of all kinds of Saddles and Harness made of No. 1 Oak Tanned Leather. Country orders solicited and satisfa